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Vulcan Advocate

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LOSSES IN A NUTSHELL OF GREAT NAVAL BATTLE

Still Some Uncertainty as to the Exact Losses of the Germans

There is still some uncertainly as to the exact losses of the German navy in the recent sea battle, but the following is as near a statement of the losses as has yet been made public. Of this statement the account of the British losses may be taken as correct but there is nothing certain in regard to the German losses as it has been shown that the German account was not true. The British Admiralty, however, are making every effort to place the losses of the enemy at an approximate figure.

German	Losses	British
18	Ships	14
109, 732	Tonnage	113,287
34	Big guns	40
6,172	Men	5,703

Red Cross Notes

A donation of $150 has been sent to headquarters by the Vulcan Red Cross Society.

The following shipment of Red Cross work was despatched from Vulcan on June 1st:—7 Pyjamas, 1 Surgical shirt, 2 Helpless shirts 12 Pillow-cases, 10 sheets. 97 triangular bandges 49 T. bandages, 15 wash cloths 4 prs. socks.

Mrs. F. Elves will hold a Red Cross sewing meeting at her home on the afternoon of Thursday, June 8th, from 3 to 5.

"Much sickness would be prevented if the public would remember that constipation is one of the first causes." "Rexall Orderlies" is the best remedy for men, women, or children. 15c and 25c, exclusively at Rexall Drug Stores. —D.C. Jones druggist.

Mrs. D. Morrison Passes Away

The many friends of Mrs. D. Morrison of this district, will be grieved to hear of her death which took place at Lethbridge recently.

The funeral of Mrs. D. Morrison, who died on Tuesday last took place on Sunday. The funeral service was conducted by the Rev. Mr. McNicol, of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. The pall-bearers, were, Messrs. D. McNab, J. Rae, G. Goddie, W. McGowan, B. Rogers, B. Cripps. Many beautiful floral tributes testified to the esteem in which the deceased lady was held in Lethbridge.

The following is the certificate which has been issued by Dr. Galbraith who attended Mrs. Morrison.

This is to certify that Mrs. D. Morrison died at Lethbridge on May 30th, of an arterial degeneration terminating in a haemorrhage.

W. L. Galbraith, M. D.

More Little Things

Congratulations are in order to Mr. and Mrs. Joe Johnston of Vulcan district. A nice little girl came to take up permanent lodging at their home last week Wednesday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. P. Fritzler of Champion last week a girl—May 29.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Claude Broderick on Tuesday last a girl.

Born to Henry Ernst on Wednesday morning a girl.

Capt., Allison and Sargent Cunnington, of Macleod, is in town recruiting for the 191st.

: LOCAL ITEMS OF INTEREST :

A number of the Vulcan boys went to Mr. Bond's ranch last Sunday, to see the rounding for Gleichen Stampede.

Miss Katherine McIntyre, of Calgary, is visiting at the home Mr. and Mrs. Dave McIntyre.

Mr. Peter Berry, of Bassano, was a visitor in Vulcan last Wednesday. He reports things as dead as ever.

Messrs. Hagerty and McKenzie are this week in town trying to "dob" up the town with paints.

Auctioneer Tompson, of High River, was a business visitor in Vulcan Sturday.

Mrs. John L. Kehr and daughter left for Elkhart, Indiana last week.

"Cap." Ferguson returned last week from the extreme north. We understand that he ventured as for north as Athabaska Landing.

Martin Lebow left last week for Eckshaw where he has accepted a position with the Canada Cement Co.

A. E. Quayle of Carmangay, was elected District Deputy Grand Master for this district No. 11, at the Grand Lodge meeting at banff. He succeeds B. B. Hoyt to the position.

Concert and Box Social at Armada School

The Armada Social Clubs Concert and Box Social held June 2, was a grand success the programme opened with the overture by Messrs. E. Riese and W. Haight. E. Riese sang "Keep the home fires burning" Mrs. G. Craine gave a recitation. Miss. M. Graham our champion elocutionist followed next with a recitation. Mr. N. Cotton fooled the audience and got a free lunch out of it.

Cast of Characters of play "A White Shawl."

E. E. Saunders as Aunt Betsy of Uncertain age.

H. Jewsbury Jr. as Dr. Abolphus Katz with a fad.

Mrs. Saunders as Miss Katherine Steele.

Miss J. McIntyre as Miss Elizabeth Steele.

J. Cotton as Mr. G. Ryall.

E. Riese as Mr. Auther Clayton.

Mr. Lawless gave a sleight of hand performance. At intermission the Orchestra rendered a few selections. Each item was appauded in such an enthusiastic manner that the plaster would have fallen off the wall but the house was too full. Mr. H. Jewsbury Senr. was auctioneer which part he did so well that some said he must have been born one. There certainly were no points that were not displayed and explained for the benefit of the bachelors.

With the result that the highest price paid for a box was $18.25 and the next $12.75, the total amount that the club will be able to send to the Patriotic Fund when expenses are paid will be about $140.

The exploration of contents of the baskets was commenced immediately after the sale, by the fair donors and purchasers. The ladies fixed their boxes in an appropriate manner with flags. The highest priced having at least 3 on and gallant little Belgium was not forgotten. A hospital ship by Mrs. Theismyre and a submarine by Mrs. Saunders. The contents of of the latter was submerged before we all went home in the wee small hours of the morning. Never before has the Programme Committee's efforts been appreciated to such an extent and it should encourage them to further efforts along the same lines.

Uncle and Mrs. C. E. Henry visited Calgary last week. A pleasant time was had.

Mr. and Mrs. Stowell returned Monday last from a visit to Banff and Calgary.

Dr. M. Mecklenburg, the graduate optician, and exclusive eye sight specialist, 32 years experience, 12 years in Alberta, will again be in Champion, June 16, and Vulcan June 17. Charges are moderate, and Satisfaction is Guaranteed.

This rain makes the grass grow and grain as well, so place your orders for binder twine now. Twine is scarce and the price is high. Come early and avoid the rush. The Vulcan Co-operative Co., Ltd.

On Sunday, June 11th, the pulpit of the Presbyterian church will be occupied by the Rev. A. R. Scragg, who will conduct both services. Mr. Scragg is a very able minister, having attained much popularity through his eloquent preaching, and his visit to Vulcan should warrant a large congregation at both services. A hearty invitation to attend is given to all.

Good-Bye---Never Again

The editor has returned and the cub and devil will retreat to their respective places after today.

Mr. Bond informs us that there will be a big picnic at his farm about July 25th.

The Land Titles Act

Application No. M. 284 and 285

Sale of Farm Land by Tender

Sealed tenders will be received by the Registrar of the Land Titles Office, Calgary, Alberta, up to twelve o'clock noon on the first day of July, A. D., 1916, for the purchase of each of the following described parcels of land:

The North East Quarter of Section Two (2) in Township sixteen (16), Range twenty-four (24) West of the Fourth Meridian, containing One hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less.

The North East Quarter of Section thirty-six (36) Township fifteen (15), Range twenty-four (24) West of the Fourth Meridian, containing One hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less.

The said property will be sold subject to the exceptions and reservations in the existing Certificate of Title, and the taxes for the current year.

Terms of sale as to each parcel:

20 per cent. of the purchase price payable in cash on acceptance of tender; the sum of $700.00 by mortgage to the vendor payable 10 per cent annually for four consecutive years, the balance at the expiration of five years from date of sale, with interest at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum, the balance of the purchase price to be paid within thirty days after acceptance of tender.

No tender necessarily accepted.

Tenders shall be mailed in sealed envelopes marked "Tender," and addressed to the Registrar, Land Titles Office, Calgary.

Clark, Carson, MacLeod & Co.
Solicitors for the Vendors.

Approved: A. T. Kinnard,
Deputy Registrar.

Ferrodale School Report for May

	Senior	Intermediate	Primary
Roll	25	31	41
Ave.	17.81	22.5	27.9
Per.	71.27	72.58	68.48

Perfect Attendance:

Grade 5 Wilfred Recor.

Grade 4 Elizabeth Flood, Everett Gardner, Frances Recor, Bertha Mutz.

Grade 3 Cora Gradner, Willie Butchart, William Kaiser, Adele Felker.

Grade 2 Jack Trail, Clyde Clark.

Grade 1 Albert Flood, Jewel Gardner, Ernest Granlin, Lowell Granlein, Emil Mutz.

The Vulcan Co-operative Co. are shipping hogs on Wednesday June 28th.

Snake Creek News

Don't forget the dance at Sunny Glen school next week.

A large crowd gathered at Mr. Bond's ranch a few days ago to see some of the cow boys ride a few bad horses. Harold Myers put up a splendid ride on Tanglefoot, scratching him every jump. George Shroeder rode Salome, Joe Marshall stayed with Turpentine as long as the saddle. Jimmy Dew rode a horse bareback. The rain put a sudden stop to the riding.

Who's looking after the Overland now? Just watch the roads and see.

Jake Hoffman has purchased a barn from Bliss Doncaster, and intends moving same shortly.

Mrs. Chas. Hadly has been in Vulcan, undergoing an operation.

The picnic held at the Marshall school on Saturday was a great success, a large crowd being present. The day was spent in foot races, horse races, jumping contests and base ball games. A good game of baseball was played between Reid Hill and Harmony. A large crowd of the young folks stayed for the dance in the evening. The Ladies Institute made about one hundred and fifty dollars during the day.

POPULAR LOCAL BANK MANAGER MARRIES

Many Business Men Auto to Nanton and Present Silverware

On Tuesday afternoon Mr. Augustus William Pentland was united in marriage to Miss Mary Agnes Watts at the English church, Nanton.

After the marriage ceremony a reception was tendered the newly wedded couple, and many beautiful gifts were presented to them by their many friends, including a chest of silver and two entree dishes, which were presented by the Vulcan business people.

The young couple left from Nanton on the 7.20 evening train for Banff, Laggen and Lake Louise, to spend their honeymoon.

After the honeymoon, Mr. and Mrs. Pentland will leave for Grand Prarie region, where Mr. Pentland has accepted a position as manager of the Bank of Commerce.

The young couple have the good wishes of the entire community.

About ten cars went to Nanton from Vulcan to be present at the marriage ceremony, but we understand some of them landed in the mud and the farewell rice was somewhat soiled before they got there.

Mr. Wm. McRoberts has been spending a week or so in Calgary.

Mr. Wm. Campbell has sold his place near Prospect Slope to Mr. Fitzpatrick.

Mr. D. Shaffner, of Calgary, is visiting at the home of Billy Myers.

Miss Minnie Leahey of Calgary is visiting at the home of George Leahey.

Mr. B. W. Doncaster had the good fortune of winning a 1916 model Cleveland bicycle in a puzzle contest not long ago.

A meeting was held at Berrywater school on Saturday last at which they decided to have their annual U. F. A. picnic at the school on July 21st.

HAIL

INSURANCE!

THE BRITISH CROWN and CANADA HAIL

EXCEL in their adjustments
EXCEL in promptness of settlement
EXCEL in service.

Backed by a fair reputation and strong financial standing. We solicit your hail insurance business in these companies because we know it means SATISFACTION

FLOOD, WHICHER & ELVES

VULCAN - - - - ALBERTA

KODAK and SUPPLIES

Brownies 1.00 and up. Kodaks 7.00 to 27.50
Developing Tanks, Developing Powders, Card Mounts, Films, Ozo Paper, Velox Paper, Solio Paper, Plates, Albums, Trays, Red Lamps, etc.

D. C. JONES

DRUGGIST Rexall Remedies VULCAN

PINEAPPLES

FOR CANNING

AT

THE 4X MARKET

That Awful Ache of Lumbago Rubbed Away for All Time

Hurrah! No More Suffering—Every Ache Goes Quick

RUB ON NERVILINE

Lumbago is a peculiar sort of rheumatic trouble that affects the muscles about the loins and back. At times its agony is intense. Severe spasms of pain shoot in all directions, and become more severe on stooping.

In treating lumbago or stitch in the back, it is necessary to keep warmly covered to prevent a sudden chill. Attend to this, and then apply Nerviline freely.

Almost instantly you feel its warm soothing action. Right through the cords and muscles the healing power of Nerviline penetrates.

Quick as a wink you feel the stiffness lessening. You realize that a powerful pain-subduing remedy is curing the pain, is easing your distress, is making you well again.

Nerviline quickly cures backache and lumbago because it has the strength, the power and penetrating force possessed by no other known remedy. Its amazing curative action is due to certain extracts and juices of rare herbs and roots, combined by a secret process, and forming a truly magical medical marvel.

Any sort of aches in the muscles and joints Nerviline will cure quickly.

NERVILINE

It eats the pain right up—relieves stiffness, restores the muscles to their wonted elasticity and vigor.

It's the quickest thing imaginable for rheumatism, sciatica or neuralgia.

As for earache, toothache, sprains or strains, nothing can excel good old Nerviline.

Get the large 50 cent family size bottle, it's the most economical; trial size, 25 cents. All dealers or the Catarrhozone Co., Kingston, Canada.

LAME HORSES PUT BACK TO WORK QUICK

TRY Kendall's Spavin Cure. It has *saved* a great many horses—has put them back to work even after they had been given up. Over 35 years of success has *proved* the merit of

KENDALL'S Spavin Cure

It is the old reliable remedy for splint, spavin, curb, ringbone, thoroughpin, bony growths, swellings, sprains and lameness from many different causes.

Its cost is so small a matter, compared to the value of a horse that you *cannot afford* to be without it.

Sold by druggists everywhere. $1.00 a bottle, 6 bottles for $5.00. Get a copy of "A Treatise on the Horse" from your druggist or write

Dr. B. J. Kendall Company, Enosburg Falls, Vermont

War News

STOP

and consider the duty you owe your country, your friends and yourself in this great war of right against might. Are you doing your part?

LOOK

around you and see how many of the men you know so well who are "doing their bit." Would you not be happier with them? When the boys return which would give you the greatest pleasure—to cheer or be cheered?

LISTEN

to the pleadings of humanity and of your own conscience. You may never again have such an opportunity to assert your manhood. Why not grasp it now?

300 MEN required to complete the 179th OVERSEAS BATTALION of the CAMERON HIGHLANDERS, a distinctive regiment with a distinctive uniform. —Lieut. Col. J. A. Cantile, O.C. Any physically fit Brittisher is invited to join.

Enlisted men are granted 30 days' leave with pay where they can show they are going to work on farms for seeding.

Transportation will be forwarded to recruits from outside points immediately on receipt of medical certificate from your local doctor. All communications to be addressed to the Adjutant, 179th Cameron Highlanders, Minto street, Winnipeg.

Vice of Prussianism

The fundamental quarrel of the free man with Prussianism is that it destroys freedom of conscience. The essence of freedom is responsibility, and the essence of Prussianism is the crushing of that sense of responsibility in the individual by every possible means. The Prussian system starts by teaching the duty of blind obedience to command, and enforces that teaching by the constant manifestation of irresistible physical power behind it. Luther said that the justification of liberty was that man could only truly serve God and his neighbor if he were free to choose the means. The modern German has evolved a political system under which individual abdicates this freedoom, and hands over his political responsibility to those who inherit the privilege of directing the state.—The Round Table, London.

Owing to insufficient fodder, disease is spreading among the horses in Germany, and the country papers are full of official advice on how to check it.

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free ask Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

At Givenchy Keep there is a moat, and under the battalion orders the regiment stationed there must clean out the moat every fortnight. Every regiment which has been there has discovered in the moat a safe. With eager faces the soldiers have gathered round as the safe has been hauled out of the moat, and with great expectancy they watched the efforts to force it open. Once it is opened, the words "Drop it in again, old fool," meet the eye. And it is religiously dropped in again for the next regiment to fish out.

A farmer who took much pride in the looks of his fattening pigs once purchased a pair from a neighbor. Upon delivery, at the usual age of eight weeks, they seemed to him rather small. The old man eyed them dubiously and then remarked dryly: "I guess I had better keep the cat shut up for a few days."

Cure Borders on The Miraculous

A. SAWYER TELLS OF WONDERFUL WORK OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

He and His Wife, After Years of Doctoring, Found Quick Relief and Permanent Cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Caporal Junction, Ont.—(Special).—Bordering on the miraculous is the cure of Mr. A. Sawyer, of this place. For ten years he was an invalid. Five doctors failed to help him. When he was a complete wreck, and unable to walk across his room he decided to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. Six boxes of them made him like a new man.

"Yes, I suffered for ten years," Mr. Sawyer said in speaking of his cure. "The doctors of whom I tried, five altogether, couldn't give me any permanent relief. Some said I had rheumatism, others called it lumbago, but I got steadily worse.

"I must say I was a complete wreck when I started to take Dodd's Kidney Pills. They made a new man of me.

"My wife got the same good results form them. It was after trying several doctors and a specialist from Sault Ste. Marie, who advised her to stay in bed a month, that she decided to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. She took a dozen boxes in all with splendid results. We both praise Dodd's Kidney Pills. No one can speak too highly of them."

Dodd's Kidney Pills have a record of over a quarter of a century in Canada, during which time they have earned undying praise in all parts of the Dominion. Ask your neighbors about them.

In the picture a cook was using a gas stove. Two housemaids in the audience were watching the scene with great interest.

"Shure, Mary," said one, "do you know, a gas range is a foine stove? We have one where I work. I lit it two weeks ago, and it ain't out yit."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen,—I had my leg badly hurt, the pain was very severe and a large swelling came above the knee. I expected it would be serious—I rubbed it with MINARD'S LINIMENT, which stopped the pain and reduced the swelling very quickly. I cannot speak too highly of MINARD'S LINIMENT.

AMOS T. SMITH.

Port Hood Island.

Customer—Are these shoes too far gone to fix up?

Shoemaker—No, I don't believe so. A new pair of uppers, with heels and soles, will make them all right. The laces are in fine condition.

Wretched From Asthma.—Strength of body and vigor of mind are inevitably impaired by the visitations of asthma. Who can live under the cloud of recurring attacks and keep body and mind at their full efficiency? Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy dissipates the cloud by removing the cause. It does relieve. It does restore the sufferer to normal bodily trim and mental happiness.

"Say, you, I advertised for a strong boy."

"Well, ain't I a strong boy?"

"You don't show it. Why, you make a four-round contest out of licking a stamp."

A Distraction

"Did that firm fail to pay its debts?"

"No, it failed so it wouldn't have to pay them.

Tame a Silk Worm And Reap Results

Possibilities of a Great Trade in the Last Foe Colony

In view of the progress of General Smuts' campaign in German East Africa, the last of the German colonies, attention is being given by British manufacturers and merchants to the economic possibilities of that colony. In particular, the president of the silk association has just directed attention to the wild silk of the Anaphe silkworm, and has suggested that when German East Africa changes hands this raw silk will afford a good opportunity for British silk manufacturers

The Anaphe silkworm occurs, as a matter of fact, in many parts of East, West and South Africa, and samples of the silk from Uganda were examined some years ago at the Imperial institute, which introduced the product to the notice of leading silk manufacturers in this country.

At that time it was doubtful whether the price British manufacturers could offer would pay the cost of collection of the scattered nests of cocoons. The Imperial Institute accordingly suggested that the government entomologist in Uganda should be asked to investigate the possibilities of "domesticating" the wild Anaphne and cultivating it in plantations of the trees on which it feeds, so as to reduce the cost This has now been found quite practicable. A new and cheap raw material for the spun silk industry would be of such importance that it is to be hoped energy and capital will be forthcoming for the development of this industry in Uganda, whence a certain amount of the silk is already being exported, and also in other British African colonies.

Specimens of Uganda raw silk and of yarns and fabrics manufactured from it can be seen in the public exhibition galleries of the Imperial Institute, S.W.

Radium's Energy

A Giant Force That May Some Day Supply Cheap Power

Sir Ernest Rutherford, the distinguished scientist, has been pointing out, in Manchester, the tremendous energy locked up in radium. If it were only let loose!

Speaking of the intense energy contained in these substances, Sir Ernest said that what scientists wanted to ascertain was how we could realize it for our own purposes. If that energy could be made available we should enter upon a new era in the supply of cheap energy, because it had to be borne in mind that in releasing such energy at any rate we desired, it would be possible for one pound of material to obtain as much energy practically as from one hundred million pounds of coal.

Fortunately at the present time we had not found out a method of so dealing with these forces, and personally he was very hopeful we should not discover it until man was living in peace with his neighbor. There was no doubt if it was once discovered a few hundredweight of such material would shake, if not rend, the earth.

Sir Ernest Rutherford said the ordinary atoms with which we were familiar had the property, as far as we knew, of being permanent and indestructible, but the atoms of which he proposed to speak might be taken as atoms of unstable elements—elements which did not last forever, but had a certain defined and limited life, disappearing and giving rise to a series of other substances. In radium and other radio-active substances we were witnessing, for the first time in nature, the actual cause of the transformation of matter. It was not a cause we could influence at all; it had always been going on in nature and in the history of this planet. Radium was several million times more active than the mineral from which it was derived. Enormous improvement had been made in the study of the properties of these radio (active substances) and the separation of radium had entered on a very large commercial scale.

Sir Ernest gave demonstrations of the intensity of the raido-active emanations, and showed their action on a photographic plate, and the phosphorescence they occasioned when brought into the close neighborhood of certain salts. Radiation from radium, he said, was ten times more penetrating than any penetrating influence we know of. Radium and radio-active substances had an enormous interest from the scientific point of view, and recently they had been utilized greatly from the medical standpoint in the treatment of certain diseases.—Manchester Guardian.

The Kaiser's Ear

The Kaiser has a habit of pulling one of his ears when he is vexed about anything, and once when he was on a visit to England, and with the present king he pulled his ear continually.

At last, one of the King's sons, who had been watching the imperial guest for some time, could stand it no longer, and bluntly said:

"Why do you pull your ear?"

"Because I am annoyed," replied the Kaiser.

"And when you are very much annoyed, what do you do then?" continued the prince.

"Why, then," said the Kaiser sharply, "I pull some one else's ear!"

And there the conversation died.

It is sometimes forgotten that Portugal governs more territory than either Austria, Italy or Turkey, for its colonies are in area equal to four times the size of Germany. Furthermore, they nearly all pay their own way without drawing on the resources of the parent state.

"I've borrowed our neighbor's phonograph for this evening."

"Giving a party?"

"No, but by thunder I'm going to have one quiet evening at home."

Varieties of Alfalfa

Some Alfalfa Experiments Made in North Dakota

Twenty-two different kinds of alfalfa have been experimented with on the high plains of the western part of North Dakota. These included strains from Europe, Asia and South and North America Parts of these experiments were conducted during the winter of 1906-7, one of the severest the western States has ever experienced.

In spite of the persistently low temperature of the winter, some alfalfa lived through on all plats, including even the very tender Peruvian variety, which killed out badly that winter as far south as the Panhandle of Texas, and again during the mild winter of 1908-9 as far south as Stockton, Kansas. This extraordinary result in Dakota was due to the character of the weather. Autumn drought and the gradual approach of cold weather hardened the tissues of the plants, enforcing gradual and perfect dormancy. A protective covering of snow came in December and remained until nearly the end of March. To these factors and the gradual return of spring was due the fact that a percentage of all strains came safely through the winter.

The important point, however, is that Grimm alfalfa and two Turkestan strains sustained no loss whatever. There can be little doubt that Grimm and the Ontario variegated originally came from the same source, near the borders of Germany and Russia, and are, in fact, identical in origin. They are both alike hardy and suited to Ontario conditions.—Toronto Globe.

THE BEST MEDICINE FOR THE BABY

The best medicine for the baby is the one that never fails to cure and which, at the same time, the mother may give with perfect assurance that it is absolutely safe. Such a medicine is Baby's Own Tablets. They are the only medicine absolutely guaranteed entirely free from injurious drugs and what is more they never fail to free the baby from those minor ills of babyhood and childhood. Once a mother has used them she would use no other medicine. They regulate the stomach and bowels; drive out constipation; expel worms and make teething easy. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"Thomas A. Edison signalized his last birthday—he was sixty-nine 'years young'—with the promulgation of this advice to his countrymen: 'Cut down the percentage of alcohol in beer from 2 to 1¾. Let men drink that for twenty years or so and then cut it down to 1 per cent. Cut out all whiskey and strong drinks at once.'"

Russia to Build Railway in China

The Chinese government has signed an agreement permitting Russia to construct a railroad in Manchuria. The railroad will give Russia control in northern Manchuria, in compensation for the railway rights granted to Japan in Southern Manchuria. Japan has concurred in this arrangement.

The new line will run from Harbin, on the Siberian railroad, in a northernly direction across Manchuria to Aigun, near the Russian frontier. A branch line will be built from Mergen southward to Tsitsikhar, near the Monogolian border, where it will form a junction with the trans-Siberian road. The new railroad will be 600 miles long. The route is part of that formerly negotiated for by Americans.

Russia will raise funds for construction of the road by floating a loan of £5,000,000.

A soldier, home from the trenches, says that the power of the horses to detect the approach of poisonous gas is quite remarkable. They seem to become conscious of the deadly menance before the men have any apprehension of it, and they cry out loudly as though in terror and pain.

Ready-made Medicine.—You need no physician for ordinary ills when you have at hand a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. For coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchial troubles, it is invaluable, for scalds, burns, bruises, sprains it is unsurpassed, while for cuts, sores, ulcers and the like it is an unquestionable healer. It needs no testimonial other than the use, and that will satisfy anyone as to its effectiveness.

"Scotland has rarely, if ever, possessed in the hands of its wage-earning people so much ready cash, says the Glasgow Herald. Glasgow is revelling in gold. Ask the shop-keepers. Ask the directors of our places of public entertainment. Ask the publicans themselves.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Soft corns are difficult to eradicate, but Holloway's Corn Cure will draw them out painlessly.

Lord Fisher's Prediction

In 1908 Lord Fisher wrote in his daughter's birthday book that Germany would be at war with England in 1914, and that Jellicoe would be the Nelson of the fleet. He justified his prophecy at the time by saying that by 1914 the Kiel Canal would be enlarged, the German fleet greatly strengthened and the financial burden in Germany so great that it must mean war or diminished armaments. —London Chronicle.

One of the Strange Paradoxes

One "savage" and "uncivilized" Eskimo chief inside the Arctic Circle subscribes two dollars to feed the wretched populace being starved to death by the "cultured" German conqueror. One of the little paradoxes of the year of our Lord 1916.—Montreal Star.

Shaving a Pleasure —Not an Operation

"USIT," the wonderful new skin food and wrinkle chaser, is a boon to men with heavy, wiry beards and tender skins.

A man who has used it for a short time said recently, "Shaving is a pleasure now. I used to consider it almost an operation."

It is only necessary to rub a few drops of Usit into the beard before lathering to enjoy an easy, quick shave.

Usit penetrates into the pores, softens the beard, and gives a clean, close shave. The beard peels right off, without pulling a hair.

Usit is kind to tender skin. There is no smarting or soreness after shaving. Gives the face a fine feeling of smoothness and freshness.

"USIT" prevents dryness of the skin caused by exposure to excessive winds. Accept no substitute

Send 50c today for a trial bottle—sufficient for over six weeks' use.

"USIT" MANUFACTURING CO., 475 Roncesvalles Avenue, Toronto.

Under the Australian scheme for settling soldiers on the land and providing for the dependents of soldiers killed in the war, the States will find the farms while the Commonwealth will finance the scheme.

Preparedness

Now that all nations are talking preparedness, why not discuss health preparedness. While we have been negligent in protecting our country against the enemy, we have also failed lamentably in fortifying our human bodies against disease germs.

This has been proven in the recruiting offices, where so many men have been turned down by the examining doctors. Weak heart action; diseased lungs; thin, watery blood; defective eyesight, resulting from exhausted nerves. These are among the prevailing derangements which the examining doctors find.

Health has been neglected. The blood has not been kept in healthful condition. The nervous system has got run down, and the subject under inspection is in no condition to fight the enemies of his country or to withstand the attack of disease germs.

Health preparedness means the use of preventive treatment, such as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, to enrich the blood, reinvigorate the starved nerve cells and keep the health at high-water mark. In this condition you have the strength, vigor and confidence which is necessary to the success and enjoyment of life. You have the vitality to defy disease germs and thereby escape many ills which find an easy prey in the run-down system.

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STRENGTH OF THE BRITISH NAVY IS GREATER THAN BEFORE WAR

AN ANSWER GIVEN TO SOME OF THE CRITICISMS

Mr. Balfour Presents Some Facts About the British Navy Which Are Calculated to Offset the Nervous Apprehensions In Certain Quarters

During the past few weeks there have been certain rumors that the navy, owing to want of foresight in a lack of driving force in the board of admiralty, was not in so positive a position of superiority as had been supposed. Some naval "experts," who may, we think, be acquitted of any desire wantonly to undermine confidence in the navy, seem to have been infected by the disease of "cold feet." Thus because who were never before inclined to waver in their trust in the board of admiralty have been tempted, or at all events invited, recently to wonder whether all was going well. Something more than vague misgivings has been disseminated—not widely, it is true, but in a rather lurid form. We have been told that German dreadnoughts carrying guns which would outrange even those of the "Queen Elizabeth," would soon burst forth from the Kiel Canal. Men who are readily awed by rumor talked of these ships by name. One of them was the "Hindenburg." "Se non e vero e ben trovato!" It was therefore time that the bogies were knocked over the head, and this extremely useful and salutary act was performed by Mr. Balfour in his admirable speeches in the house of commons. He did not boast; he did not pretend that surprises are impossible; but he did offer an account of his stewardship, which ought to convince and reassure every man who can keep his mind free from panic. We have read a great many speeches on the navy. We have never read speeches which seemed to us to be in a righter spirit than those of Mr. Balfour. They contained an explicit guarantee that everything is being done which an intelligent wide-awake, and energetic board ought to do. More than that we cannot ask.

It is very easy for a newspaper to invent its own particular bogy, or, let us say, to believe in a particular bogy on the strength of some slender but attractive evidence, and then to say: "Here is this appalling danger. We are only performing a public duty in demanding to know what steps, if any, the admiralty are taking to meet this particular challenge. Mr. Balfour very rightly did not attempt to deal with the x bogy, the y bogy, and the z bogy in detatil. In his review of the situation he simply assured us, in effect, that the navy was being made as strong as possible, and as well prepared as naval ingenuity can devise, to meet all conceivable risks. He must have convinced all those who needed to be convinced and were open to conviction, that if the navy cannot be said actually to command success, there never was a time when it more thoroughly deserved success. Let us quote Mr. Balfour's words as to the condition of the fleets:

They are much stronger than th y were six months ago. They are still stronger than they were twelve months ago, and their excess over what we possessed nineteen months ago is still greater. In every class of ship, big and little ships designed to meet on equal or superior terms the German high seas fleet, auxiliary ships, patrol ships, anti-submarine ships, light cruisers, destroyers, flotilla leaders, submarines, every kind of ship available in modern war, we have increased, and largely increased, since the war began. Well, then, let us dismiss vain and empty fears. As I said yesterday, war is necessarily and always an uncertain game. It may be true, and it is true, that maritime warfare under modern conditions and against the new form of attack constituted by submarines, aircraft and mines is a more uncertain game than it was in the good old days when it was merely a question of counting your "seventy-four" battleships and your thirty-six-gun frigate and the rest. Therefore I repeat again that I will make no boast about the British admiralty. I will not guarantee it against misfortune or accidents. But I say in perfect confidence that it is stronger in the face of any over attack which it is likely to meet, that it is far stronger than it was at the beginning of the war, and is, I believe, stronger than it has ever been in its history.

In only one respect is the navy less strong than when war began. The armored cruisers lost have not been replaced. Nevertheless our superiority in this branch over the German navy is still enormous and is not contested. Mr. Balfour stated that in all our warlike stores, and in naval guns and ammunition, our strength was much greater than at the beginning of the war relatively to the number of ships in existence, and that it was still continually increasing. The chief anxiety to the admiralty was the question of labor. When Colonel Winston Churchill was at the admiralty skilled laborers were allowed to go to the front. Mr. Balfour said that the remedy for the defect was threefold; to recall skilled laborers who would be more useful at home than abroad, to dilute skilled labor further with unskilled, and to induce the workers to turn out more in the time. Another very interesting point was his answer to the rumor that yards were not being used to the best purpose. We have all heard of the contractor who remarks: "It is all very well for the admiralty to say that they are building ships as fast as they can, but here is a slip in my yard standing idle. What have they got to say about that? Mr. Balfour's answer is that he has investigated many such cases, and they are all capable of the same explanation. The contractor means either that he can produce more ships if only the admiralty will give him the particular orders which at the moment he can carry out. But it is, of course, the business of the admiralty to get exactly the ships they want, not to order what they do not need at a particular time. And as for the labor, the admiralty would naturally supply it if they had it. The contractor's complaint merely brings us back to the notorious labor question. Yet there are many doubting souls who msijudge many doubting souls who misjudge than that they have been told by a friend who knows a contractor and who was told by the contractor himself, so that there could be no mistake, etc., etc.

We have intentionally not dealt in this article with Mr. Balfour's crushing rejoinder to Colonel Churchill so far as it was a personal in-

Sabre like hussar harks back to the Hungarians for its genesis in the word szabya a curved sword, bringing both name and weapon into Europe from the Orient, somewhere late in the eighteenth century. The word comes from the Greek szabos, which meant crooked.

dictment. But one point is so germane to our subject of the state of the navy that it must be mentioned. The charge that the government were not sufficiently pressing on the construction of dreadnoughts was actually made by Colonel Churchill, who had himself delayed the fitting out of new dreadnought by taking away their guns for monitors. In taking the guns he may have been right, but the charge in these circumstances took an extraordinary impudent form, as he compared the rapidity with which the monitors were prepared for sea when he was first lord with the slowness with which the present board is supposed to be making ready their gun-denuded dreadnoughts. Moreover, "bustle, hurry and push," as Mr. Balfour said, may often prove to be the slowest method in the end, as has been shown by the need to remodel some of the types built under Colonel Churchill's slashing "regime."

The spirit of the navy is unquenchable. It is equal to all its tasks, and while it is not dismayed by anything Germany may have in preparation, it is the part of self-respecting landsmen not to be alarmed by bogies. Wars, it is true, are a history of surprises. But at least we may say with confidence that as far as the admiralty can provide against surprises they are doing so.—London Spectator.

An Interesting Cow Census

In a Minnesota cow census which was taken a few years ago it was found that one herd returned a profit over feed consumed of $38 per cow as against an average profit from one hundred herds of $5.15 per cow. In this census there were one hundred herds containing 1,092 cows, which gave a profit over feed consumed of $5.15 per head per year. The gross returns from the creamery of the hundred herds was $32,815, and the cost of feed $27,191, leaving a profit for the entire one hundred herds of $5,624. But there was one herd included in these one hundred herds, its milk being taken to the same creamery and receiving the same price as all the other milk, that returned a profit of $38 per cow after paying for all the feed consumed at the same price charged to the 100 herds. The herd that returned the largest profit consumed a little more feed than the average of the 100 herds. If all the herds had been equal to the best one the gross returns would have been $71,072 and the cost of feed $29,576, which would have left a net profit of $41,496, instead of $5,624, which was all that remained for these one hundred Minnesota patrons where the cow census was taken.

Motion-Pictures at Home

A writer in a well known journal predicts that in a few years the motion-picture projector will be found in nearly every family. There are already light portable machines that a child can run with entire safety, since they use films that cannot catch fire, and that produce sharp, clear pictures. The projector seems likely to take its place in the home with the phonograph, and to have an even greater power to amuse and to educate. It can, for example, effectively illustrate science and geography, or with equal success show in living motion the workmen of all trades and occupations. It makes an ideal supplementary instructor in commercial and physical geography and in many other branches of science. The motion-picture camera also will soon be within the reach of nearly everyone. Even with the present machines any person can take motion pictures of his children and friends. Some people are already making pictures of their children at regular intervals. They fasten the pictures together to make a continuous strip of film that in future years will be a priceless family record.

Increased Shipping Rates of Stock

Since the beginning of the war the freight rate on calves from Britain to Buenos Ayres has been increased from 7 to 9 guineas; on cattle from 15 to 20 guineas; on horses from 20 to 30.

A parasitic disease called the blister rust, and which is having widespread effect in the timber market, is attacking the white pine of the United States. The forestry authorities are taking means to stamp it out.

No Designs on Canada

Germany Has no Intention of Capturing This Country or the U.S. After the War

Recent despatches have brought word of statements in the Canadian parliament and newspapers that Germany was planning after this war to plunge upon the American continent and particularly to demand cession to Germany the Dominion of Canada. In a conversation with Herr Von Jagow, minister of foreign affairs, the Associated Press correspondent referred to these rumors. The foreign minister's first reply was an outburst of laughter.

"How can people invent or believe such stories," he asked. "To any one not entirely blinded by passion it is evident beyond doubt that Germany never pursued such senseless aims and never conspired doing so.

"Can one imagine a state of affairs in Europe after the war such that we should have the leisure or a free enough hand to divert our strength and efforts to a task on the American continent. Equally ridiculous, though unfortunately this phrase has a serious side, are rumors which I understand are current here and there in the United States that Germany after the war will take revenge on the United States by pursuing an anti-American policy. It is even reported to me that some apprehensive souls in America foresee from victorious Germany an attempt to break down the Monroe Doctrine, plant its flag in South or Central America or even a design to leap upon the United States and crush them in order to attain mastery of both continents.

"I need hardly assure you such reports, which from time to time have been set afloat by enemies of Germany in the evident intention of stirring up feeling, are absurd. Germany has never placed itself in opposition to the American principle of the Monroe Doctrine.

"Again, I would ask American doubters to remember the attitude of Germany during the Mexican crisis. Although extensive German commercial interests were involved, although there was a strong demand for independent action to protect those interests during the protracted era of disorder, the imperial government at all times stood for leaving the United States a free hand in its policy toward Mexico. The Washington government was not at any time left in doubt as to the attitude of Germany.

"It is unfortunately true that during the war, when the thoughts of every German are bound up heart and soul in the struggle for German existence against a world-wide coalition, and when the attitude of the Washington government at times has been almost forced—even we think that there might be some basis for stories of an understanding of some sort between Washington and the allies, a strong feeling of resentment and bitterness against the United States had sprung up among the masses in Germany.

"Unfortunately, to, there are foolish persons among us who talk foolishly of 'taking revenge' upon the United States after the war for that attitude but no responsible official takes or can take such a view. We shall have quite enough to do at home to safeguard our own position in Europe, heal the wounds of the war, restore our industry and business life at home, and regain and build up our foreign trade, without reversing our traditional policy in regard to the American continent and taking on a new and powerful enemy across the Atlantic."

The Union Jack a Safeguard

The British boast that the Union Jack is a safeguard to their citizens the world over is exemplified in Mexico. One American woman testifies that the Mexican desperadoes not only have no respect for the Stars and Stripes, but that the sight of our emblem actually has the effect of inciting them to outrages. "I am utterly ashamed to admit it," she says, "but whenever trouble started we began to hunt for a Union Jack. It was by no means a bullet-proof shield, but it was the only flag I ever saw that Mexicans paid any deference to." In illustration she cites the case of a young Englishman who had committed suicide. Thinking he was an American, the Mexicans hurriedly dug a shallow hole and were about to put him away without ceremony when they learned he was an English citizen. The officer in charge immediatey stopped the burial, ordered the body preserved, and for four days tried to get in touch with an English consul.—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Not as Bad as That

Early one bright spring morning a ragged tramp called at a country vicarage, where the woman of the house had the name of being very charitable.

"Kind woman," he began, whiningly, as he doffed his cap politely, "I ain't 'ad a bite to eat since my supper yesterday, an' termorrer will be the third day."

"Poor fellow," said the kind hearted woman. "You must be hungry! But you look strong. Why don't you look for work, or better still, join the army?"

"Ah, mum, ye see I'm a little bit silly—" began the man in explanation.

"Yes, but silly people can often get work," interrupted the lady.

"But I'm not that silly!" finished the tramp quickly.—London Answers.

More Aid Wanted For Belgium

The Belgian relief committee at Ottawa is about to receive a further appeal for funds from Canada. Although the general appeal has secured one and a half millions sterling, this is a million pounds below the sum required.

More than one million of the total received came from Australia and New Zealand. All money from Canada will be spent entirely in buying and supplying food to the distressed Belgian people.

Lord Robert Cecil has stated that the imperial government is satisfied with the manner in which the relief commission has carried on its work.

Defender of Verdun A "Find" of War

Took Him 38 Years to Become Colonel But Has Been Promoted Rapidly During the War

General Henri Philippe Petain, the defender of Verdun, is considered one of the great "finds" of the war. In time of peace it took him 38 years to work up to the grade of colonel. In nine months of war he rose to command a whole army. He has yet to make a failure, and it is said that he holds the confidence of General Joffre to an extent hardly equalled by any other officer in the army. He and Joffre came through the same school and specialized in the same branch of military affairs, and it may be that they were friends in earlier years. If so Joffre was one of a very few. Petain appears to be a man not given to making friends, somewhat gruff and reserved in his manner, and this may expain the fact that when the war began he was a mere colonel who had almost definitely renounced all hope of ever climbing any higher in the service. The war, however, gave him his opportunity, and he has risen like a rocket.

Petain's name now rings through France and is famous throughout the world, and yet it is only a month since his name appeared for the first time in the general news columns of the French papers, though it had figured often in lists of promotions. But when President Poincare went down to Verdun, after the battle had raged for a week, to congratulate the army there, it was officially announced that he had been received by General Joffre and General Petain. Then the world knew for the first time who was in charge of the French armies at Verdun. It is true that the Petit Journal published a snapshot of Petain in one edition, but it merely labelled him "The General," the censorship not permitting the name to be published. Before that time there had been considerable gossip in the army that Petain was to be the successor of Joffre in command of all the armies of the North and East, and at that time a Paris newspaper is supposed to have printed a sketch of Petain. The French correspondent of the Brooklyn Eagle has searched the fyles of the paper for the sketc., but reports that if it ever appeared it must have been suppressed by the censorship, for it is not now to be had.

Petain was soon famous in the army of course, and whenever there was particularly hard and bloody work to be done it was expected that Petain would be there. Among the very few little stories that are floating around about him is one to the effect that on one occasion he asked for and received permission from Joffre to have one of his divisions relieved from trench duty. He desired to keep the men fresh for storming. The soldiers in this division were not a little proud of the honor, and when one of them was being reproached for recklessly spending his money, he replied, "What's the odds? I'm one of Petain's men, anyway?" thus intimating that since his life might be expected to be short, he intended to make it as merry as possible.

It was Petain who led the charges north of Arras last spring, and it was Petain again who prepared the offensive in the Champagne last fall, and as soon as the French general staff realized that the attack upon Verdun was no feint, but a desperate and savage attempt of the German army to seize this fortress, Petain was sent to take charge of the defence. He had no sooner taken hold than there rose an outcry from his chauffeurs. He wore out fourteen of them in a few weeks and his demand for speed made even some professional racing men turn pale when ordered out to drive him from one position to another behind the lines. General Petain is said to be an enthusiast on the matter of physical fitness, and though 60 years of age, he is as nimble on his feet as the youngest Zouave and as hard-bitten a campaigner as is to be found in the army. Not long ago, when a certain officer asked to be put on his staff, Petain replied: "What I need in the way of staff officers are some first-class bicycle riders and a few cahmpion cycle riders and a few champion

Henri Philippe Petain was born in Cauchy-la-Tour, in the Pas de Calais Department, on April 24, 1856, and entered the St. Cyr training school at the age of 20. It took him twelve years to work up to a captaincy and another twenty years to become a colonel. He served in different infantry brigades, and then became a teacher of military tactics in the Higher War College. He held this post for two years, returning again to Saumur about four months before the war broke out. He had been on the point of retiring but in two months of actual warfare he found all the chance he needed, and one promotion followed another rapidly, for Joffre after the Battle of Charleroi made wholesale retirements of his higher officers and there were vacancies for other men. If Petain continues to the end of the war with an unsmirched military reputation no man but Joffre will stand higher in France when it is over.

Average Value of Farm Lands

For the whole of Canada the average of farm land held for agricultural purposes, whether improved or unimproved, and including the value of dwelling houses, farms, stables and other farm buildings, is approximately $39 per acre. Last year the average value was returned at $38.41. By provinces the averages per acre range from $22.48 in New Brunswick to about $125 in British Columbia, the values for the other provinces being as follows: Prince Edward Island, $37.64; Nova Scotia, $28; Quebec, $51.36; Ontario, $52.49, Manitoba, $30.36; Saskatchewan, $24.20 and Alberta, $23.15. In British Columbia the higher average is due to orcharding and fruit growing.—Census and Statistics Monthly, Ottawa.

"Say," said Ferdy to Percy, "you'd never believe that Jack had so much spunk, but 'pon my word, old fellah, he called down a cabby last night. He's sorry for it today, however.

"Why?"

"The cabby came down."

WOMEN WORKERS NEW CHANCES ONE OF THE RESULTS OF WAR

POST BELLUM PERIOD IS TO BE A WOMAN'S ERA

French Writer Believes That Woman's Sphere in General Will Be Greatly Enlarged in the Years Following Immediately After the War

"Among the consequences of the war," says a writer in the Paris Temps of January 29, "there is one which is being much discussed these days and which undoubtedly will have grave effects upon society. It is the diminution of the adult male population in Europe. A loss of eight to ten million men in the ages between 18 and 45 years certainly constitutes an element which is liable to cause a great change in the European nations.

"Mr. Arthur Girault, a professor at the University of Poitiers, has given a searching consideration to the question and has come to the decision that the disturbed equilibrium in the numerical proportion between the sexes will cause a situation of a revolutionary character as far as social conditions are concerned.

"It will be the women's era after the war, for they are naturally those who will 'benefit' by the disproportion of the sexes. 'Benefit' is only a mode of speech, for one likes to believe that the majority of women are not so set on feminine emancipation that for a few 'rights' by which they could gain only mediocre advantages they would voluntarily sacrifice that other precious privilege of being the ones to whom we give our love ana whom we ever stand ready to defend.

"Mr. Girault states that every bullet killing a youth at the front provides at the same time an old maid's bonnet for some young girl. Since the number of eligibles among men will be much smaller than that of young women in the marriage age, one must be prepared for many rather ill-mated unions. For men the 'courtship age' will be extended considerably, and marriage which formerly would have been deemed nothing short of scandalous, on account of great disparity in age or social status, no longer will astonish anyone.

"Heiress-seekers, in particlar, will find the post-bellum period their golden age. Although a man's availability as a bridegroom may be stretched indefinitely, there will not be a sufficient array of men for all the marriageable women, and one is bound to see a great increase in the number of those dear 'aunties' who find their consolation for unrealized dreams of conjugal happiness in lavishing their tenderness on the children of others.

"So much for what may be termed the sentimental side of the matter. Then there is the social phase, which is of still greater importance. Having no prospects of getting married, numbers of young women must look around for some kind of work by which they may earn a living. By and by women will commence to compete with men in occupations which formerly they never would have thought of disputing with the other sex. They will seek positions in banks big business firms, libraries, etc. They will also make their appearance in all trades requiring faithful application, rather than physical strength, like those of the tailor and the hairdresser.

"Woman's emancipation will celebrate a triumph everywhere, thanks to the force of circumstances.

"Mr. Girault makes the rash prediction that the women, aroused to a more serious outlook upon life through the necessity of earning their own bread, will make society less frivolous, less fond of luxury and vanity in dress—for a time. But the professor fears that the consciousness of greater dignity which labor produces also may bring out more strongly the political tendencies of the feminine emancipation. He suggests himself one move in that direction is destined to be acclaimed as soon as started.

"It would not be at all surprising, he intimates, if all over Europe were set up a claim for the enfranchisement of 'war widows.' His reasoning runs like this: If any one should have a word to say in regard to the destinies of a country, it ought to be the widow or the man who has given his life to save it, she whose sacred duty it is to maintain and defend the traditions of the family her husband-soldier had founded, and to rear his children to become like their father. Leaving all academic discussion of the merits of woman suffrage aside, this claim impresses itself as a moral obligation, even if it should be granted only as a temporary concession.

"Here is a problem which necessarily must call forth heated controversy. After all, the distinguished professor of political economy at Poitiers might be willing to admit that the admirable French mothers, who inculated the sentiments of noble sacrifice for home and country in the generation defending today the universal cause of justice and liberty, would hardly be in need of the right to vote in order to maintain and champion in their home the traditions of the virtues of our race.

"All the same, with or without suffrage, it is quite sure that woman's sphere in general will be extraordinily enlarged in the years following immediately upon the war. The future of the emancipation movement will depend to a great extent on the manner in which the women are going to fulfil their new mission. Until the middle of this century, when the number of adult males will exceed that of men of advanced years, the women will be a powerful social factor. It rests with them to demonstrate that the world will be the better for it."

The British Aeronautical Institute has asked the government's permission to undertake, at its own expense, the salvage of the Zeppelin L15, which is lying in shallow water off the mouth of the Thames.

The Institute believes that, if the salvage is undertaken by aircraft experts, "the Zeppelin can be saved, rebuilt and launched against the enemy within three months."

Keeping Costs for Mother

Keep Kitchen Records on the Farm, the Same as Other Departments

To get the atmosphere of rural simplicity in a movie film all you need do is send the heroine down to the old spring for a bucket of water. In the country life of movieland the whole water supply is handled this way. It is while on her way for a pail of water that the heroine meets the hero. At the spring itself the villain is most likely to attack her. Sometimes the hero will carry the bucket for her, but more often he walks alongside and carries a ten-thousand-dollar smile. If you want to indicate the strong affection existing between the heroine and her honest old father, let him meet her at the farmhouse door and take the pail from her hands—after she has carried it all the way from the spring.

In real farm life, of course, the day of carrying water in pails is soon to end. The gasoline pump and the pressure tank, the kitchen faucet and hot water system have killed romance. Country folks can enjoy the old oaken bucket in a film, but not on the farm.

The farm kitchen is steadily being improved. Some day the farmer will begin to figure it on a cost basis, and then it will come up to date with a jump.

Farmers are really keeping more cost accounts these days. They have records of man-hours and horse-hours, can distinguish between running expense and capital charges, know if grain or hogs are profitable at a given market price, and compare horse and tractor costs intelligently.

But farm costs will never be right and fair until they are extended to the farm kitchen. Three meals a day make up a major item in the cost of growing crops. A big Monday wash for hired men is a legitimate charge on butterfat for the creamery. How long does it take each week to cook the meals and do the washing? How many waste motions are involved in lack of good equipment or in poor arrangement of the kitchen tools? Is mother running her department on a reasonable expenditure of labor and time? Or would it be possible to alter the whole scheme, let the hands get their meals and washing elsewhere, and make a better money profit on farm products while giving her more leisure and the family more privacy?

For five years or more father has been urged to provide better kitchen facilities for mother, and he has responded admirably. But father has been urged to bring about this kitchen reform for mother chiefly as a matter of sentiment. That is not the best basis of appeal. There is not a particle of sentiment in better farm kitchens. It is a plain matter of costs, as anybody can learn by keeping records.

Let father begin keeping kitchen costs. If he hasn't time let mother keep them herself and use the figures to back up her demand for better equipment.—The Country Gentleman.

An Echo From Mons

The testimony of a nurse who had been brought into contact with one of the soldiers from the battle of Mons was alluded to recently by a preacher in a suburban pulpit. In the course of her ministrations to her patient, said the speaker, she mentioned the name of the Almighty, adding, as an afterthought, "but perhaps, like some of the other men, you don't believe in God?"

"I used not to do so," was the quiet reply, "but Mons changed all that;" and the nurse felt, as she listened to the plain, unvarnished words of the young fellow, how intensely he felt the reality of his experience. He and some other men were in a chalk-pit and they knew that the German cavalry were approaching. Suddenly he looked up, attracted by the bright light around the edge of the pit, and saw distinctly the groups of guardián angels. The horses of the enemy saw them, too, and turned round, refused to advance, and ultimately rushed back beyond the control of their riders. This lull gave "the boys" a chance of escape; and, added the soldier earnestly, "I wasn't the only one that saw them, Sister, and I don't think any of us can feel just the same after."—Nursing Mirror.

Too Many Fixed Ideas

Our chief moral weakness in the conduct of the war has been the domination of fixed ideas and reluctance to shake them off. There has been a dead weight of inertia and prejudice against any bold departure from the normal and the customary. The government have been too subject to it and too fearful of opposition arising from it, for events have proved that it has never represented a formidable force of opinion. Whenever it has been faced it has melted away and been found to have no real backings in the mass of the nation. On the contrary, the real dissatisfaction has always been with inaction. Decisive and vigorous action has always been welcomed and received with general approval.—London Times.

A skilled physician called on an exceedingly cantankerous patient, and was dumbfounded to find hardly any improvement from the previous day. "Why," he grumbled, "what's wrong here? Did you follow my prescription?"

"Not on your life," replied the patient. "If I had I would have broken my neck, for I pitched your prescription out of the window."

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A very competent authority estimates that, having reference to last year's trade, average prices current for beef on the Smithfield market in London, England, for 1915, show an increase of 40 per cent since the outbreak of the war. The last English produce report to hand quotes Irish beef at 19 to 20c. per lb. for sides wholesale and English at 20c to 21c. per lb., a against a price of 15½ to 16½. for Irish and 15 3-4 to 16 3-4 for English, during the last week in December 1915. It further quotes South American chilled fore quarters at 19 3-4, as against 12½ and 16c. respectively for fore quarters and the hind, in Dec. "Supplies of frozen beef are practically exhausted, only a few small odd lots of bull beef being obtainable. These, in view of the strong demand ruling for all classes, realize high prices. The absence of frozen supplies has again forced buyers on to the chilled article, with the result that values have advanced sharply".

The general beef situation, from the standpoint of the home and foreign market, futher emphasizes the shortage of supply. one feature is particularly noteworthy. It has never been indicated from any country that there is an undue accumulation of beef in storage or a congestion of cattle going forward to the market. Present prices and present demand fully confirm this fact. The position in Europe i s well known. The Argentine output has been absorbed for army supply to such an extent that very little frozen Argentine beef is available for civil consumption in Great Britian. Austria has passed through a severe season of drought and her exportable surplus has been greatly diminished. Moderate supplies of cow beef are going forward from New Zealand but they are not of first-rate quality. Canada and the United States have not appreciably increased their cattle population and are clearly able to find a remunerative market in Europe for any of their produce available for export. The steady and continous rise in price definitely reveals the condition of the world market for beef and emphasizes the fact that the situation is growing worse with the progress of the war

Contrast the position with respect to grain. Enoromus stores of wheat are tied up in Russia. In Siberia alone it is estimated there is an accumulation of over 9,000,000 tons of grain. Until peace is declared, this accululation will probably become more pronounced. After the war, the production of grain will again be undertaken on an enormous scale in all the contending countries. In view of this fact and with the release of the accumulated stocks it is undoubtedly true that grain will then drop in price to a very considerable extent. With an overstocked grain market and a pronounced under-supply of cattle the farmers of Canada should have little diffculty in making up their minds as to what their policy shall be for the future.

One warning, however, should be given. We must emphasize quality before quantity. On the British market, Canadian beef does not equal in quality the beef exported from the United States or from the Argentine. Unless we can improve our cattle, both as regards quality and as regards finish, we need not expect to be able to effect sales at Smithfield but shall be obliged to seek a market in France or Italy. Even our best grass fed cattle, when offered on the Chicago market last year, yielded disappointing returns. In Canada there is any number of good beef cows, but we can never develop a beef trade by breeding these to dairy bulls, to grade bulls, or even to pure bred bulls of inferior type. A really good pure bred sire is an asset to any community. He should have the patronage of all the farmers in the neighbourhood. The maintenance or use of a scrub bull, under the present circumstances, should be deemed an unpatriotic act.

One other non-progressive practice should be eliminated or, at least, superseded by a better one. Reference is to the sale and purchase of stocker and feeder cattle, whether for finishing in the stable or on grass. In the case of the farmer who sells, this practice, unless in exceptional circumstances, is a mistaken one. He should feed and finish his own stock. On the part of the farmer who buys, a speculative and non-productive enterprise is continued and encouraged, which has neither an economic nor a practical argument in its favour. He should grow his own feeders, or part of them at least. Trading of this nature has done as much as any other one factor to destroy the beef cattle industry in many parts of Canada. It can only be built up by a change of system.

A good herd of milking beef cows will bring in a return as regular as the change of the seasons. If labour is not available to milk them, two calves may be put on a single cow, possibly folowled by a third, and better calves reared than if by hand. The feeding of these calves until fit for market, whether as baby beef or as butcher or export stock, will insure a steadier income than can possibly be obtained by tne continunance of the old methods. No practice will so tend to conserve female stock nor so speedily and steadily add to our available supply of beef.

Notes

A new ordinance in one city provides that Fords will be permitted to run on the sidewalks so automobiles won't hit them.

One of young gentlemen who is in arrears in his subscription to the Advocate was out driving the other day with a young lady, and—, well, we won't tell you the story this week, but if this gentlemen don't pay up before next publication day we shall publish his name and the rest.

That advertising pays was plainly demonstrated last Saturday morning when all the ladies of Vulcan were out of bed an hour or so earlier than usual to pick up bargains at Mr. Reeves' Big $600 Whitewear Sale. And consequently the report comes to us from good authority that all those ladies who took advantage of this sale are simply 'lallapaloosers' now—when asleep.

And still there are a few back yards that look as though the devil had been raising hell there. Well, it wasn't our devil, he's too busy.

The appointment of a hen catcher would be very popular. And why not an official hen catcher? Hens allowed to stray promiscuously are a greater nuisance than dogs, although a dog catcher would be quite in order.

The wonder is that the recruiting officers visiting the various towns do not advise the newspapers in each place a few weeks ahead. The boys enlisting have their preferenees naturally, and they cannot be found in town every day.

CORSETS

All CROMPTON and A'LaGRACE
CORSETS
ON SALE
JUNE 10th to 17th
No Reserves

Regular up to 1.75, clearing at **1.10**
Regular up to 2.50, clearing at **1.65**
Regular up to 3.50, clearing at **2.65**

We have all sizes to start with, but don't wait as the sizes will be broken early. Remember our whole stock goes on Special Sale for One Week Only

H. W. REEVES
VULCAN, -:- ALBERTA

MUSIC
FOR
ENTERTAINMENTS
SOCIALS AND
DANCES
UP-TO-DATE AND
LATEST MUSIC
Prices Moderate
KLEBE'S
Orchestra
VULCAN, ALBERTA

The Churches

Rev. D. K. Allan, Pastor; Mr. H. F. Richardson, Supt. Sunday School; F. A. Elves Clerk of Session; R. L. Elves, Clerk of Managers.

Morning Service 11 a.m., Sunday School 2.30 p.m.; Evening Service 7.30 p.m. Services held in the Masonic Hall

Ladies Aid meets last Thursday of each month. Mrs. F. A. Elves, President; Mrs. W F. Jennejohn, Vice-President; Mrs.. D. K.Allan, Secretary; Mrs. A. M. Trail, Treasurer.

Lodge : Directory

VULCANLODGE No.74, A.F & A.M G. R. A. Regular meeting on the Tuesday on or before the full moon. Lodge of instruction two weeks before regular meeting. Visiting brothers welcome.

D. K. Allen, W. M.
D. C. Jones, Secretary.

I. O. O. F., SAMARITAN LODGE No. 91, VULCAN, ALBERTA.
Lodge meets every Wednesday, at 8.00 p. m. Visiting brothers welcome.
Wm. Richie, N. G.
G. M. Whicher, Sec'y

THE
Lineham Lumber Co.
LIMITED
Vulcan - - Alberta
Lumber
Slabs, Firewood,, Windows, Doors and Finish
Get our Prices.
JOHN DEWIE, REPRESENTATIVE

Homestead Regulations

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except when residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for. 64388

Vance Guard
BY
Advance Guard
The American Long Distance Champion
The Dominion Bureau of Breeding has placed this stallion with
Galbraith Bros.
Sec. 4-16-25, where he will stand during the season of 1916.
TERMS: $10.00 to ensure in foal.

Clarence Davis
Auctioneer
Live Stock and Farm Sales a Specialty
Champion, Alberta
See Arthur Mitchell & Co., Vulcan, or Phone 204, Champion, for dates.

AUCTIONEER
H. E. ELVES
Provincial Licence
P. O. Box No. 51 Vulcan
AND LOMOND

A. R. BOND
BRAND READER
Eastway.
Owner of horses branded BF on Left Shoulder

B. C. RESTAURANT
Ice Cream
Meals served at all Hours
Ice Cream, Cigars, Tobaccos, Soft Drinks, Candies, Fruit.
VULCAN - - - ALBERTA

DON'T BUY YOUR HOUSE A CHEAP SUIT

CP
THE "GOOD PAINT" TRADE MARK

YOU don't believe in buying shoddy clothes—which will not wear well, or look well. Then why paint your home with cheap paint—why give IT a cheap shoddy suit?

The only paint economy is in buying the best paint. You paint your buildings to protect them from the wear and tear of the weather, and to improve their appearance. Cheap paint will accomplish neither of these objects. As soon as the durability is gone, the pleasing painted finish is gone too, and your buildings look old and shabby.

We sell and recommend Canada Paint because we know it is made in the right way, of pure materials. Ask us for color cards.

Irvings, Limited
CANADA PAINT

HORSE BREEDERS CARDS and CERTIFICATES

AT THE

VULCAN ADVOCATE PRESS

We keep it Paints too.

Having what our customers want, waiting on them promptly and charging fair prices for our good hardware has built our business.

We want your trade. If you will buy from us just once, our high-quality goods and our low prices, fair, square methods will make you a customer for life.

Paint with our paints. They will brighten and "Save" your house.

George Pettman

Vulcan, - - Alberta

HOGS NOT IN IT WITH THESE PRICES

Printers' Ink and Stationery Out of Sight.—Prices Withdrawn

Still the prices are soaring! A few weeks ago we spoke of paying $6.00 a pound for ink we formerly bought for $3.00. That was a sudden jar, but not quite so bad as as the one we got on Tuesday when a representative from the ink house was dere and asked us $15.00 a pound for the same ink. Fifteen dollars a pound! We'll spell it out in full so as to make no mistake about it. This is a special ink we have been using for years and for certain kinds of work we would still like to use it, but we simply can't afford it without a much better price for the product. Our customers may kick, and cant blame them, but what are we to do? For a time the price of paper and other requirements remained fairly reasonable, but of late the have got to be a terror. Nearly all price lists have been withdrawn, and on sending in an order we have no idea what the price will be. We got nipped a few days ago, but we will carry out the contract, even at a loss, but we can't repeat it, The stock has more than doubled in cost and in only for which we have material on hand, or have an assurance of what we can get it for, are we safe in giving quotations. The war will be over after a while, and then prices will likely go back to their normal condition.

"No persons shall place any stock in a railway car unless such stock has first been inspected by an inspector of stock and said inspector has issued a certificate to that effect." This is clause 7 of the brand inspection act which went into effect on June 1st.

The German Government says that it has "disapproved" of the submarine commander who sank the Sussex, but the commander who sent the Lusitania to the bottom remains a national hero.

There is a new American tango now called the "Wilson Wiggle." It goes something like this: One step forward, two steps backward, hesitate, then side-step.

An Irishman came out of an office building and found his Ford locked in between two large cars. He got into his car and honked a few times, but the chauffeur of the large car in front payed no attention to him, finally the Irishman said, "I say! me friend will yez pull up a bit or shall I go under yez?

PETER GILLESPIE

Suits Made to Measure
French Dry Cleaning
VULCAN, ALBERTA

WANTED

WANTED—A car in running order. Will trade for 4-year and 2-year old mares. F. G. Mathews, Reid Hill.

Have you anything you want doing in the

PAINTING LINE

or CARPENTERING or CHIMNEY BUILDING

If so, get

GEO. STAPLES
to do the work

THIS IS THE STOVE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY

The New Perfection Oil Cookstove uses kerosene,—the cheapest fuel to use. Costs less than gas, coal or wood—5 to 10 cents a day is its fuel cost for the average family.

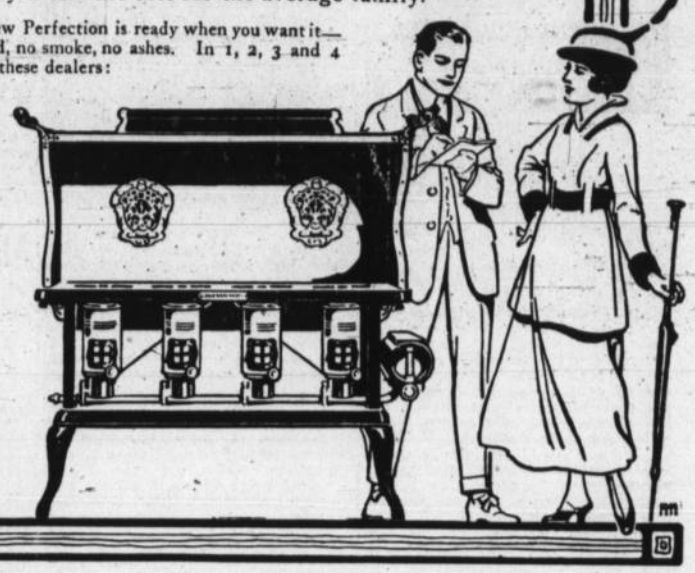
Besides, the New Perfection is ready when you want it—no fires to build, no smoke, no ashes. In 1, 2, 3 and 4 burner sizes at these dealers:

J. Wolfe
AND
Irvings, Ltd
Agents

Royalite Coal Oil gives best results.

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY LIMITED

BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES



10.00 REWARD—Estray from N. W. 34 15-25, 1 grey and bay yearling colt and 1 2-year old colt. Grey colt, has wire cut on leg. No brands. 1 red heifer 2 years old—no brand. 10.00 reward for recovery or information leading to same.—W. M. Bowie, Vulcan.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE, CHEAP—One section raw land, about 9 miles from Vulcan, excellent mixed farming, all fenced, easy terms. Flood & Whicher, Vulcan, Alberta.

FOR SALE—Good Seed Oats, early variety 90 days. Can be sown late. 40 cents per bushel. Jacobson Bros.

FOR SALE—Some good Strawberry Plants, raised in Vulcan district. $2.00 per 100. John A. Gardner.

FOR SALE—A few good work horses for sale. Some broken. Terms arranged. E. M. HOLLISTER, Vulcan.

FOR SALE— Good pure Cream for Sale. Can be delivered every day except Sunday. Any quantity. Leave orders at Advocate office.

DONT FORGET THE WAR VETERAN WHEN YOU HAVE A JOB TO OFFER

Please notify
CENTRAL PROVINCIAL COMMITTEE
EDMONTON.
Howard Slutchbury, Secy
OR
WAR VETERANS' CLUB CALGARY.
Wm. Alsdorf, Asst. Secy.

Mail Contract.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 16th day of June, 1916 for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed contract for four years, twice per week on the route Champion Rural Route No. 1, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Champion, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's office, Calgary, 5th of May, 1916,
D. A. Bruce,
Post Office Inspector.
m17-t3.

Oh I SAY

Before you build, it will pay you to see

Carpenter Nick Sullivan

Get a free estimate and price. Nothing too rough or too smooth. Contract or day work.

Shop and residence, Railroad Avenue, Vulcan, Alberta.

MR. FARMER

Take Your Shares

to MAC

His long experience on all kinds of plow work enables him to turn out only first-class work. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Horse Shoeing and General Blacksmithing done in Quick Order

Mac's Blacksmith Shop

G. McQUEEN, Prop.
Opposite Conlin's Livery Barn, Vulcan

ROYAL CAFE

Meals at all Hours

Ice Cream
Fruits, Soft Drinks, Candies, Tobaccos, Cigars, Cigarettes

Jang Lin, Proprietor

No. 1

Timothy Hay

Always on hand

For Sale

Vulcan Livery
R. E. DODDS, Prop.

CASE

10-20 TRACTORS

Before placing your order for a small tractor see the above. Gives the best satisfaction of any tractor on the market.

GUY WALKER

Agent
Vulcan, Alberta

Binder Twine

Binder Twine is going to be scarce and high priced this year. Place your order now and protect yourself.

BINDERS

McCormick and Deering binders have all the latest improvements and are the best binders on the market. Ask the man who uses one.

C. E. HENRY

Office Phone 23. Residence 54
Vulcan, Alberta

:: LADY :: URSULA'S HUSBAND

—BY—

FLORENCE WARDEN

Ward, Lock & Co., Limited
TORONTO

(Continued)

"Hello, Syd!" said the first, a thick-set young man of seven or eight and twenty, with reddish hair, a wide mouth, and outstanding ears, whose name was Brady Gane.

Paul nodded and turned to the other man.

"You here, Evans?"

Will Evans, a small, thin, consumptive-looking Welshman, with a slightly hooked nose, and small black eyes too close together, nodded with a somewhat grudging air. He had his own reasons for being less cordial to Paul than Gane was. He was a mean, shrewd little rascal, who considered that upon himself and Gane there fell the greater part of the dirty work which had to be undertaken in order to keep Syd Tomkinson, the ostensible head of their very shady firm, in the position which he declared he had to occupy in order to take full advantage of his talents and theirs.

The three men went into the cafe together, sat down at a table which they chose carefully, "for," as Will Evans said, "in these foreign holes you never know what confounded scoundrels you may be sitting next to," and proceeded to discuss their plans.

"So you've pulled it off," said Gane with a grin which displayed two rows of very uneven teeth, and made him look like a comic mask in a pantomine.

Paul shrugged his shoulders and looked bored. It was the attitude he generally assumed with his confederates, to mark the vast space there was between them.

"In a way, I have," he admitted. "But it doesn't look as if it was going to do us much good. My confounded brother-in-law was after us last night, knocking us up at the hotel and making a devil of a row with some tommy rot about me that he pretended to have picked up somewhere."

Gane's grin died away, but Evans continued to stare fixedly at Paul in a distrust which was very ill concealed.

"Well, he can't do anything now," said Gane uneasily. "These high-toned families can't take any action against themselves; and now you've married an earl's daughter, why you're as good as an earl's son, aren't you?"

"I should hope so," said Paul superciliously.

Will Evans gave an unappreciative grunt.

"Some folks fancies themselves," said he dryly.

Gane turned to him sharply.

"Hold your jaw," said he. "Can't you give over for ever making yourself disagreable? Now, too, when we've got a chance of doing well for ourselves?" He turned admiringly to Paul. "I'm sure, Syd, you look as well as any young lord, and nobody'd ever believe you're nothing but a Yankee. You carry yourself as proud as any in the land."

Will Evans was staring at Paul with a wooden face of disapproval.

"Well," said he, "when are we going to share out?"

Paul turned to him with upraised eyebrows.

"Eh?" said he.

Evans nodded almost ferociously.

"Yes," said he. "We gave you over all our shares as well as your own of that last lot—you know, the Vienna lot—for you to cut a dash with. You told us when once you'd given the things to this my Lady Tom Nobody of yours, she'd give them back for you to sell for the poor. Well, now's your time. We're the poor. So hand us over our share and have done with it."

Paul sat back and stirred his coffee gently. The other two were drinking wine, and complaining that it was not beer, but Paul was very abstemious, and never joined in the carousals of his companions.

"I don't quite understand," he said in the most civil tone. "You don't want me to demand all the jewels that I've given to my wife, and to divide them up at once, surely?"

"That's what we do expect, and what we insist upon, too," said Evans firmly. "You can make some excuse that you want to put them in a safe place while you're travelling about, and, after all, you own share is a pretty big one. We're only asking for our rights."

"Of course, of course. I quite understand. Well, it will seem rather odd to ask for them so quickly; but of course, I am at your service. If you want your share at once, you must have it."

"Why shouldn't we?" demanded Evans aggressively. "If you told the truth when you said the gal didn't care for such things. If she's a born fool, we're not."

"You'll be good enough not to speak in that tone of my wife," said Paul sharply.

The other two men exchanged a rapid glance of astonishment.

"You've changed your tone about her ladyship a bit, haven't you?" asked Evans dryly.

"Not that I know of," replied Paul, quickly.

"You told us as how you was bored to death when you were with her ladyship," went on Evans in the same tone as before.

Paul answered with decision and dignity.

"If I told you that, I ought to have added that it is my fault, not hers. I've been used to so much tagrag and bobtail that I've lost touch of decent society.

Both the other men looked astonished, and Evans scowled.

"Oh, so that's your tone, is it? We're not good enough for you now, I suppose?"

"You never were," said Paul shortly. "In a social sense, of course."

Evans half rose from his chair, angry and spiteful. But Gane pulled him down again.

"Let him alone," said he good-humouredly. "He's all right, he is. If he wasn't a bit of a toff, where should we be? I'm sure, Syd, I wish you every happiness, and the lady, too, and I only hope as she won't bore you more than what you'll bore her before you are done."

The warning had sufficient significance to displease Paul, who nodded, and said:

"Well, that's enough on that head. My domestic life is my own affair."

"Oh, no, it isn't," cried Evans. "You married this 'ere sprig of aristocracy so as to get a footing in big houses, didn't you, so as to play our game?"

"That'll do. Not so loud," said Gane nervously.

Paul rose to his feet.

"When do you want the things?" he asked shortly.

"Oh, just when your lordship pleases," said Evans, with mock humility. "It ain't for the likes of us to dictate to your lordship. At the same time, if your lordship was to find himself in the Palais Royal this afternoon, somewhere about five—with what your lordship and your lordship's ladyship can spare in the way of diamonds and such like, we should be humbly obliged."

"Don't be a silly ass, Will," said Gane.

Paul smiled good humouredly.

"All right," said he, "I'll be there. We'll find some place where we can have a talk and a share out."

And while the three rogues were thus making their plans, Lady Ursula had been receiving a visitor none the less welcome for being unexpected.

Paul had not ben gone more than half an hour when Lord Eastling drove up to the hotel, and went at once to the private sitting room occupied by the bride and bridegroom.

He had found out that his sister was alone, and he expressed his thankfulness the moment he entered.

"Thank Heaven!" he said in a low voice, as he came in and shut the door. "I've got you all to myself. Where is that rascal?"

Lady Ursula resisted him as he tried to give her an affectionate kiss.

"Tom," she said, "you mustn't talk like that to me. Paul is my husband. I don't believe a word against him, and I know you won't either when you've had time to make full inquiries."

Lord Eastling heard her in silence. There was a pause, and then he made up his mind.

"All right," he said simply. "I'll say nothing about him. Nothing. Where is he? I suppose I may ask that."

"He's gone out to send some telegrams. What are you staying in Paris for?"

"I had to see you again before going back. Since I can do nothing, I shall start for England this afternoon. There's just one thing I must ask you to do first, though."

"What is it, Tom?"

"Payne gave you some handsome jewellery as a marriage present?"

"Yes."

"Have you got it with you?"

"Yes."

"I want you to let me take it back to England with me."

"I shall be very glad if you will, Tom. I told Paul that it was absurd to carry such valuable jewellery about with us, especially as, by his wish, I've brought no maid with me. I told him that our mother always has hers locked up in the strongroom, or at the bank."

"Of course. Well, give it to me, and I'll take it back home with me."

(To be Continued)

HUSBAND SAVED HIS WIFE

Stopped Most Terrible Suffering by Getting Her Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Denison, Texas. — "After my little girl was born two years ago I began suffering with female trouble and could hardly do my work. I was very nervous but just kept dragging on until last summer when I got where I could not do my work. I would have a chill every day and hot flashes and dizzy spells and my head would almost burst. I got where I was almost a walking skeleton and life was a burden to me until one day my husband's step-sister told my husband if he did not do something for me I would not last long and told him to get your medicine. So he got Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for me, and after taking the first three doses I began to improve. I continued its use, and I have never had any female trouble since. I feel that I owe my life to you and your remedies. They did for me what doctors could not do and I will always praise it wherever I go."—Mrs. G. O. LOWERY, 419 W. Monterey Street, Denison, Texas.

If you are suffering from any form of female ills, get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and commence the treatment without delay.

W. N. U. 1104

CHEW "PAY ROLL" TOBACCO

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY — 10 CENTS PER PLUG

A Crime Against Civilization

The time is coming when neutrals will rise up in a body and demand that torpedoing of ships be stopped. It is a crime against civilization, not only in the inhumanity of it, but in the destruction of the agencies of commerce upon which the world must rely for commercial interchange. It is indefensible from every point of view save the ruthless subordination of everything in war to the demands of success.—St. Louis Star.

How to Save Your Eyes

Try This Free Prescription.

Do your eyes give you trouble? Do you already wear eyeglasses or spectacles? Thousands of people wear these "windows" who might easily dispense with them. You may be one of these, and it is your duty to save your eyes before it is too late. The eyes are neglected more than any other organ of the entire body. After you finish your day's work you sit down and rest your muscles, but how about your eyes? Do you rest them? You know you do not. You read or do something else that keeps your eyes busy; you work your eyes until you go to bed. That is why so many have strained eyes and finally other eye troubles that threaten partial or total blindness. Eyeglasses are merely crutches; they never cure. This free prescription, which has benefited the eyes of so many, may work equal wonders for you. Use it a short time. Would you like your eye troubles to disappear as if by magic? Try this prescription. Go to the nearest wideawake drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one tablet in ¼ glass of water and allow it to thoroughly dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. Just note how quickly your eyes clear up and how soon the inflammation will disappear. Don't be afraid to use it; it is absolutely harmless. Many who are now blind might have saved their eyes had they started to care for them in time. This is a simple treatment, but marvelously effective in multitudes of cases. Now that you have been warned don't delay a day, but do what you can to save your eyes and you are likely to thank us as long as you live for publishing this prescription. The Valmas Drug Co., of Toronto, will fill the above prescription by mail, if your druggist cannot.

A prominent City Physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Bon-Opto is a very remarkable remedy. Its constituent ingredients are well known to eminent eye specialists and widely prescribed by them. It can be obtained from any good druggist and is one of the very few preparations I feel should be kept on hand for regular use in almost every family."

Testing Dairy Products

Valuable Bulletin Issued by the Department of Agriculture

The price of success is attention to detail. This fact is distinctly emphasized in a bulletin recently issued by the dairy and cold storage branch of the federal department of agriculture, under the title of "The Testing of Milk, Cream and Dairy By-Products by Means of the Babcock Test," and written by J. F. Singleton, chief inspector of dairy products.

Without being profuse, Mr. Singleton tells in plain language about all that is to be told of the practical application of the test, the care that should be taken of the component parts of the apparatus, the measurements advisable and the methods that should be employed. The qualities naturally most emphasized are exactness, cleanliness and temperature.

The dairy commissioner in his introductory says there is nothing fundamentally new in the bulletin, but that the contents are presented with such a clearness of diction and the processes so aptly set forth that the result is a reliable handbook for those who value information on the testing of milk, cream and so on. A number of exact and plain illustrations lend additional worth to a notable bulletin, the number of which is 45 of the dairy and cold storage series and that can be had by post free application to the publication branch, department of agriculture, Ottawa.

No Cause to Complain

The work of the navy is silent, but it is nevertheless the commanding fact of the war. It is upon that work that the whole strategy of the allies is based, and we can conceive of no greater injustice to the navy and of more serious disservice to our cause than to suggest that in establishing our command of all the seas of the world our sailors are unemployed. If Germany concedes us the seas without a challenge, of what have we to complain?—London Daily News.

A Sunday school teacher had been telling her class of little boys about golden crowns of glory and heavenly rewards for good people.

"Now, tell me," she asked at the end of the lesson, "who will get the biggest crown?"

There was silence for a minute. Then a bright little chap piped up:

"Him wot's got th' biggest head."

"Mike," said Pat, "how do yez tell the age of a fowl?"

"Oi can always tell by the teeth," shot back Mike.

"By the teeth!" exclaimed Pat. "But a fowl ain't got no teeth!"

"No," admitted Mike, "but Oi have."

Algy—I'd like awfully to know whether she will marry me or not.

Reggie—Why don't you ask her, deah boy?

Algy—By Jove! that's a good idea; I will. What a head you have, old man!

A spendthrift is a person who saves his money for a rainy day, and then prays for rain.

TO FRANCE

(This striking poem is by a gifted Canadian, at present on the Canadian Pacific Railway's publicity staff at Calgary, Alberta. He is the author of several volumes of fiction and verse).

We little know thee, France; we thought—
And God forgive us that our thought was sin—
We thought thee fair without, and false within,
And we did not seek to know thee as we ought.

We knew the face thou turndest tourist-ward,
The painted face, the sensuous design;
We held thy virtue subtle as thy wine;
As cheap and subtle; neighbor, we have erred.

For thou hadst poured thy life in every mould
And we had found the mould of our desire;
We warmed our marrows at thy Latin fire,
And found it hot, for we were Saxon-cold.

Forgive us, France; we passed the lie along;
"A thoughtless people, frivolous and gay;"
And now we know thee; we can only say
Forgive us, France; we sinned; we did thee wrong.

How well thy sons have risen to thy need,
No art can picture on the printed page;
But hoary Time shall beckon, age to age,
The deeds of France, for France is great indeed.

And that black lust that would thy virtue rape
And set a ransom on thy bruised head,
Its spawnings rot among the countless dead,
And all its land is wrapped in tears and crepe.

And you have suffered; who shall count the toll?
Thy cup of grief shall silently endure;
But thy great spirit riseth white and pure,
For France is still a nation and a soul!

—Robert J. C. Stead.

The Value of Cold Storage

A Comprehensive Booklet Issued Dealing With This Subject

Cold storage promises as the years pass to have a greater and greater effect on the cost of living. Not only storekeepers and hotelkeepers, but ordinary householders in increasing numbers are coming to recognize that the buying of food in quantities and preserving in cold storage means a satisfactory dividend on investment. Hence the general interest possessed by Bulletin 44, under the title of "The Cold Storage of Food Products," and written by J. A. Ruddick, dairy and cold storage commissioner for the Dominion, and Joe. Burgess, cold storage inspector. Every person who makes use of a kitchen refrigerator, or places milk, butter, meats, fruit or vegetables in a cool cellar, puts into practice the principles which underlie the operation of the most up-to-date cold storage warehouse and follows in some particulars the methods described in this comprehensive and informative publication. An example of the benefits derived from the system is furnished in the suggestion that if it were not for the cold storage facilities which are now available the price of eggs would, for lack of an immediate market, go so low during the laying period of the spring and early summer that production would be seriously discouarged, while the scarcity that would result during the season of non-supply would boost prices for all kinds of eggs to such an extent as to make them prohibitive for the majority of the people. Eggs are but one of the articles of food the price of which is regulated, and to some extent standardized, by cold storage. Dairy products, meat, fish and fruit can all be so kept and preserved if the treatment set out in this bulletin, which can be had for the mere effort of application to the publications branch, department of agriculture, Ottawa, be followed. It outlines all the methods and processes that are pursued in the handling, storing, shipping and preservation of such perishable articles as apples, butter, cheese, vegetables, eggs, fish, game, lard, meat, milk and poultry, the necessary temperature being given in each instance and also in the care of furs and woollens.

General Wolfe No German

Dr. William Mackay of Inverness, Scotland, in lecturing before the Historical Association of Scotland recently, remarked that at Culloden the future General Wolfe was ordered by the Duke of Cumberland to shoot a wounded Highlander.

Wolfe, who was an Englishman, and not like Cumberland, a German, replied, "My commission is at the disposal of your highness, but I am not to commit murder."

Many years after, just before the taking of Quebec, Wolfe issued general orders that showed the difference between the Englishman and the German: "No churches, houses, or buildings of any sort are to be burned or destroyed without orders. The peasants that remain in their habitations, their women and children, are to be treated with humanity. If any violence is offered to a woman, the offender shall be punished with death." The lecturer expressed the wish that some of the relatives of the Duke of Cumberland who were in the Kaiser's army had known of those orders, and carried them out.

"There is much truth in the saying of the cynic, that the economical wife is a woman who never allows a crumb to fall from her husband's table without carefully picking it up and putting it in her husband's bed," says a writer in an English paper.

Concentrated Economy

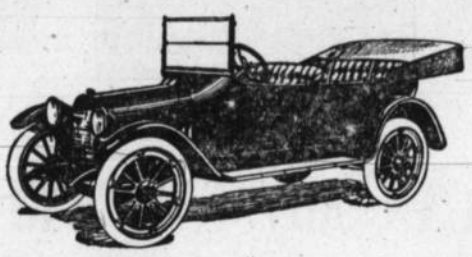
The beef of a whole bullock is required to make a dozen bottles of Bovril. You can safely reduce butchers' bills if you use Bovril in soups and stews. But—it must be Bovril, in the Bovril bottle. No substitute will do. The strength and nourishment of Bovril cannot be compressed into cheap cubes.

E.N.S.

HERE IS YOUR CAR!

A Six Cylinder 5-Passenger For $1110

(F.O.B. OSHAWA)



McLAUGHLIN MODEL D60

McLAUGHLIN

REAL SERVICE

McLaughlin Service is assured by twelve branches conveniently located. Hundreds of Agencies from Coast to Coast. One million dollars invested in Branch Houses and equipment.

Large stocks of parts carried for all models at Oshawa and at the branches.

Forty-seven years of manufacturing and marketing of vehicles for Canadians.

Thorough knowledge through experience of Canadian needs.

Consider carefully the SERVICE you buy—it is very important and necessary.

This model was designed and built by us, especially to meet the requirements of Canadian farmers.

It is just the right size for easy handling—not too large nor too small.

A woman can drive it easily.

It is solidly built to stand the wear.

It has powerful "Valve-in-Head Motor" developing from 30-35 H.P

Has genuine leather upholstering, hair filling and deep spring cushions.

Has electric starting and lighting system—vacuum feed—is furnished complete to the smallest detail.

Remember "Every One A Six" and that the McLaughlin Co's. 47 years' experience in business with Canadian Farmers is behind every car.

Write to-day for free booklet "Farm Life and Freedom"

THE McLAUGHLIN MOTOR CAR CO. LIMITED OSHAWA ONT.

12 Branches Throughout Canada

"Will you vote to abolish capital punishment?"

"No! Capital punishment was good enough for my fathers, and it's good enough for me."

"Well, if that Watson isn't the most conceited, self-satisfied, self—"

"Yes, I've heard you say something of that kind before. What's started you off this time?"

"He's just sent a telegram of congratulations to his mother."

"Well—?"

"Today's his birthday."

Employer—Well, what did he say when you called to collect that bill?

Clerk—That he would break every bone in my body and pitch me out of the window if I showed my face there again.

Employer—Then go back at once and tell him he can't frighten me by his violence.

Rankin—You can't beat the foibles of the newly rich.

Phyle—Now, what's the matter?

"Remember Freddy Ford?"

"Certainly."

"He inherited a big fortune last week, and now he is trying to have his name legally changed to Limousine."

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

Sunlight Soap has a high standard of purity which is backed by a $5,000 guarantee. If a soap has no standard there is no reason why it should always be of uniform quality, always contain the best materials or be anything like as good as the soap *with* a standard.

142

SUNLIGHT SOAP

5 cents

Sunlight Soap

Young Man, Don't Wait Until You are Fifty
Before you begin to Save Up For Old Age.
THE EXCELSIOR LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY
WILL SAVE MONEY AND MAKE MONEY FOR YOU
Talk With One of Our Agents.

IS YOUR WAGON LOPSIDED?

Have worn axles made the wheels all out of gear? You could have prevented that condition—and you can still help it with

MICA AXLE GREASE

The mica does it. It fills the worn pores of the axle. Won't gum. Kills friction.

At Dealers Everywhere

The Imperial Oil Company Limited

BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES

Ideal Silver Cream

It will clean more silverware in less time, with less expense, than any other preparation made. "Ideal" is not an electro-plating preparation; removes nothing but the dirt, leaving the silverware like new. Put up in eight and eighteen-ounce bottles, packed three doses in case.

At All Jewellers

Want Reports of the Fire Losses

At a recent annual meeting of the commission of conservation a resolution was passed requesting the various provincial governments to take steps to secure complete reports of all losses from fire occurring within their boundaries, and the extent, if any, to which the property was insured.

Among the presents sent by Japanese from all parts of the world to their emperor, in honor of his coronation, was the finest saddle horse that could be found in the United States. The Japanese society of San Francisco invited a Japanese major of cavalry, an expert horseman, to come to America to select the animal.

Well Built
Is Built to Win--

but in building brain and body, often the daily diet lacks certain essential mineral elements.

These necessary factors are abundantly supplied by the field grains, but are lacking in many foods—especially white flour, from which they are thrown out in the milling process to make the flour white.

Grape-Nuts

made of whole wheat and malted barley, supplies all the rich nutriment of the grains, including their vital mineral salts, those all-necessary builders of actives brains and vigorous bodies.

To build right, eat Grape-Nuts.

"There's a Reason"

W. N. U. 1104

Frozen Meat Trade

Imports of frozen mutton during the year 1915, into Great Britain amount to 6,463,368 carcases, and show a decrease of 283,433 carcases, or 4.2 per cent., on the 1914 total of 6,746,801 carcases, which, it may be recalled, marked a decrease of 8.5 per cent. compared with the total of 7,377,454 carcases received in 1913. Australia and New Zealand increased their shipments by 91,730 and 213,583 carcases respectively, and the lower gross total in 1915 is due to a heavy drop of 591,403 carcases from South America, equal to 28.9 per cent. of the 2,041,929 carcases imported thence in 1914.

Uruguay and Patagonia together sent 136,324 carcases more, but shipments from Argentina fell off to the extent of 727,727 carcases, or nearly fifty per cent.

BANISH PIMPLES AND ERUPTIONS

In the Spring Most People Need A Tonic Medicine

One of the surest signs that the blood is out of order is the pimples, unsightly eruptions and eczema that come frequently with the change from winter to spring. These prove that the long indoor life of winter has had its effect upon the blood, and that a tonic medicine is needed to put it right. Indeed there are few people who do not need a tonic at this season. Bad blood does not merely show itself in disfiguring eruptions. To this same condition is due attacks of rheumatism and lumbago; the sharp stabbing pains of sciatica and neuralgia; poor appetite and a desire to avoid exertion. You cannot cure these troubles by the use of purgative medicines—you need a tonic, and, a tonic ony, and among all medicines there is none can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for their tonic, life-giving, nerve-restoring powers. Every dose of this medicine makes new, rich blood which drives out impurities, stimulates every organ and brings a feeling of new health and energy to weak, tired, ailing men, women and children. If you are out of sorts give this medicine a trial and see how quickly it will restore the appetite, revive dropping spirits, and fill your veins with new, health-giving blood.

You can get these Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Lots of Tubers

The World's Potato Crop and How it is Used

The world's potato crop in 1914 covered 30,000,000 acres, giving a yield of 4,375,000,000 bushels.

Of the total acreage Russia had 9,000,000 and Germany 8,367,000 Germany led in total yield, however, with 1,674,000 bushels, against less than one billion for Russia. France had half a billion bushels, and the United States 405,000,000.

In yield per acre Norway came first with an average of 247½ bushels; Great Britain and Ireland second with 241; France third, with 230; Holland fourth, with 223, and Germany fifth with 200. The average for Canada was 180, and for the United States 109.

In Germany, which produces well over one-third of the world's potato crop, only 28 per cent. of the yield is used for human food in normal years. Forty per cent. of the total is fed direct to animals, 100,000,000 bushels are used in the making of alcohol, and 50,000,000 bushels are utilized in the manufacture of starch and allied products.

In Japan a start has also been made in the manufacture of starch from potatoes in a large way, the output for 1914-15 being 35,500,000lb.

Said the negro preacher, regarding the white preacher who had consented to occupy the black brother's pulpit on the following Sunday:

"Gemmen an' ladies of de congregation, dis noted divine am one of de greatest men of de age. He knows de unknowable, he kin do de undoable, an' he kin onscrew de onscrutable!"

Unless worms be expelled from the system, no child can be healthy. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is the best medicine extant to destroy worms.

Jerry—I have traced my ancestry back to an Irish king."

Pat—Sure, that's easy. What chanst has a dead man to defend himself?—Liverpool Mercury.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

By the substitution of white for red tape in London government offices a saving of $7,000 a year has been secured.

The Foreigner And Prohibition

Foreigners in the West Are Opposed to the Liquor Traffic

The attitude of the foreigners of Saskatchewan and Manitoba towards prohibition will be welcome news to many of your readers.

Rev. R. G. Scott of Saskatchewan tells us that when all the bars had been closed, the government opened twenty-three liquor stores for those who thought they could not do without alcohol. Provision had been made that these stores could be closed or others opened, according to the wish of the people, at the municipal elections in November. The entire province had been divided into liquor districts. Voting took place in seven districts, in three of which liquor stores had already been established, and in four other districts an attempt was made to open new stores. In every district the result was decisively in favor of total abstinence. In the three districts where government stores had been in operation, they were all wiped out by a vote of about two and a half to one. In the four districts where an effort was being made to open stores all the attempts failed by a vote of about the same relative proportions.

Particular interest had been attached to our district, as the population was largely foreign. The presence of large colonies of Galicians, French, Germans and Hungarians was thought to be a strong force to overcome. These people had always been accustomed to use liquor whenever they had the opportunity. Every wedding and every holiday was celebrated with plenty of liquor. Few were abstainers and none too poor to procure it. There was almost no organization, so that what temperance work was done, was in most cases by individuals, but the result w very encouraging.

A foreigner told me that he had always been a drinker and that if a vote had been taken when the bars were first closed there would have been many liquor stores open. However, he thought the people had found out in four months that they got along very well without it and had more money than they ever had before. He said that few wanted the stores opened now.

A young Frenchman who has a family and is a good worker, said to me, "The bar got me a good many times. I spent a lot of money and lost a lot of time. I am glad the bar is gone and we don't want the —— thing back again." In the rural municipality of Fish Creek where the population is almost entirely Galician, it was thought the people would vote strongly for a liquor store, but it went dry by more than two to one. Wakaw village, where we have a very mixed population, went dry by 47 to 16. What has been done in such a district can surely be done in any place in Canada.

Coming to Manitoba, we find the foreigners quite as hostile to the liquor traffic. In Winnipeg alone there were five Ruthenian, three Scandinavian, and three Icelandic papers that would not even print a liquor advertisement. Perhaps that will take some of the conceit out of us, and let us see that the foreigner has more brains than we gave him credit for. Let us wake up and press forward.—H. Arnott, M.C.P.S.

Make a Few Hundred Extra Out of Flax

Sow It After Wheat is in, on Late Fields and New Breaking

Records show that in the three prairie provinces the average flax crop exceeds 12 bushels per acre. As you know, the average price for several months past has been around $2 a bushel, and if war conditions continue the 1916 crop will probably bring in even more.

Unlike the other grain crops, flax can be sown as late as the first week in June, and it does well on wet, late land and on new breaking, where you cannot make other grains pay at all.

This $20 to $30 an acre from late sown and otherwise unproductive land is like found money, and is certainly worth going after. As the possibilities of flax become better known more and more farmers will be sure to take it up, but those who do so this season will get the top of the market, and probably make the biggest profits.

In a recent article on the subject, J. H. Drisdale, B.Agr., director Dominion experimental farm, says:

"For the new settler or the man with new breaking done before May 25 or 26, flax offers an opportunity for money-making this year on this land such as is not possible with any other crop."

It is a Liver Pill.—Many of the ailments that man has to contend with have their origin in a disordered liver, which is a delicate organ, peculiarly susceptible to the disturbances that come from irregular habits or lack of care in eating and drinking. This accounts for the great many liver regulators now pressed on the attention of sufferers. Of these there is none superior to Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. Their operation though gentle is effective, and the most delicate can use them.

To Preserve the Horned Antelope

An order-in-council has been passed setting apart a large area of land in the west for the use of the prong-horned antelope and to preserve this animal from extinction. Some of the lands included in the reservation have been taken up by settlers and provision is made for granting these settlers new selections in the cancelled stock watering reserve. An extra half section in addition to the acre for acre allowance in the new location is to be granted in lieu of buildings and improvements.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

"I dress expensively. Do you think you could do as well for me in that respect as father does?"

"Perhaps so," said the young man, "Still, I shouldn't like to go around looking as shabby as he does."

Your Liver is Clogged up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—*Have no Appetite.*

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS will put you right in a few days. They do their duty.

Cure *Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion, and Sick Headache.*

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

LITTLE THINGS COUNT

Even in a match you should consider the "Little Things," the wood—the composition—the strikeability—the flame.

EDDY'S MATCHES

are made of strong dry pine stems, with a secret perfected composition that guarantees "Every Match A Light." 65 years of knowing how—that's the reason!

All Eddy products are dependable products—Always.

"Never Again"

In the years before the war we supplied Germany with the money to pay for her armaments and attack us by granting her free access to our magnificent markets. It is no exaggeration to say that from the profits she thus obtained she built her dreadnoughts and developed her Zeppelins. Not only this, but we also allowed her to disarm us by destroying British industries vital to our self-defence. The coal-tar dye industry (on which the output of explosives so largely depends) and the manufacture of optical glass (essential for the periscopes of our submarines and for the lenses of our telescopes and gun heights) became her monopolies. "Never again" must be the resolve of the British nation. If it permits these conditions to return its fate will be certain.—London Daily Mail.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

In spite of a long and severe drought, extending over several months, Samoa—the first of the German colonies to be added by New Zealand to the British empire in the war—flourishes exceedingly. The branch of the Bank of New Zealand established there is doing well. The local government and the courts work very smoothly, and the high prices obtaining for copra keeps business in a thoroughly healthy condition.

What John A. Said

Because of a misquotation, a characteristic story of one of the greatest men Canada ever had, has been recalled to memory. The misquotation made Sir John Macdonald say, "I want friends to stand by me when I am wrong or mistaken; anybody will stand by you when you are on the top wave of success." That is too much like a cry for help to be the language of Sir John. Here is the whole story: A new member of parliament, desirous of impressing the Dominion maker with his virtue and his importance, said: "I will stand by you, sir, when you are right." "Oh," replied the premier, "the Grits will do that; what I want is a man who will stand by me when I am wrong." Sir John was just human enough to be wrong at times, and honest enough to admit it. But he objected to the judgment of the self-righteous.—Christian Science Monitor.

Wise and experienced mothers know when their children are troubled with worms and lose no time in applying Miller's Worm Powders, the most effective vermifuge that can be used. It is absolute in clearing the system of worms and restoring those healthy conditions without which there can be no comfort for the child, or hope of robust growth. It is the most trustworthy of worm exterminators.

Portugal, with the Azores and Madeira Island, has a population of 5,957,985, and an area of 35,490 square miles. The population of the republic's colonial possessions in Africa is 8,300,000 and these colonies have an area of 823,334 square miles. The colonies in Asia have an area of 8,933 square miles and a population of 950,000. Portuguese Africa is made up of Angola, the Congo, Guinea, East Africa and some islands.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only Constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Professor R. Junker, the distinguished German painter, has arrived at the headquarters of the German Crown Prince, where he is going to have a series of sittings from the prince. Swiss newspapers state that the professor's visit forms part of a great publicity campaign in favor of the Crown Prince now in progress in Germany. Photographs depicting the Crown Prince performing acts of kindness to French peasant children are now on sale in Berlin. The chronic throat trouble and general health of the Kaiser is supposed to account for the propaganda.

Reign of Terror Throughout Germany

According to news from Germany by way of Switzerland a reign of terror has been inaugurated in the empire by the military tribunals. Persons are accused of impossible crimes, such as furnishing supplies to Russia and Japan, merely to keep them in a state of fear. Laborers have been courtmartialed for distributing Socialist sheets appealing for the initiation of a campaign of peace.

Fly Poison Kills More Children
Than All Other Poisons Combined

For Safety's Sake, Use

Is there within your home, anywhere within baby's reach, a saucer of arsenic poisoned paper floating in water, or a can with a sweetened poisoned wick?

During 1915, 26 cases of fly poisoning were reported from 11 states; in 1914, 46 cases from 14 states. *Fly poison kills more children than all other poisons combined.*

Yet fly poison still is left unguarded except in the homes where mothers have learned that the *safe, sure, non-poisonous,* efficient fly catcher and destroyer is

TANGLEFOOT

The Journal of the Michigan State Medical Society comments thus in a recent issue:

"Symptoms of arsenical poisoning are very similar to those of cholera infantum; undoubtedly a number of cases of cholera infantum were really cases of arsenical poisoning, but death, if occurring, was attributed to cholera infantum.

"We repeat, arsenical fly destroying devices are dangerous and should be abolished. Health officials should become aroused to prevent further loss of life from their source. Our Michigan Legislature, this last session, passed a law regulating the sale of poisonous fly papers."

The O. & W. Thum Co.
Grand Rapids, Mich. (73)

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No.1 No.2 No.3.
THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with great success. CURES CHRONIC WEAKNESS LOST VIGOR & VIM KIDNEY BLADDER DISEASES. BLOOD POISON, PILES. EITHER NO DRUGGISTS or MAIL $1. POST 4 CTS POUGERA Co 90 BEEKMAN ST NEW YORK or LYMAN BROS TORONTO WRITE FOR FREE BOOK TO DR LE CLERC MED CO HAVERSTOCK RD HAMPSTEAD LONDON. ENG. TRY NEW DRAGEE (TASTELESS) FORMOF EASY TO TAKE SAFE AND LASTING CURE.
THERAPION SEE THAT TRADE MARKED WORD THERAPION IS ON BRIT GOVT STAMP AFFIXED TO ALL GENUINE PACKETS.

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. *Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

Professor Sir J. J. Thomson tells of a scheme sent to the war inventions board. A man had seen birds pecking mortar, and his idea was to train a flock of cormorants to feed by putting their food in lines against a wall so that they might associate these lines with their food. They were then to be taken to Essen, where they would attack the chimneys at Krupp's works with such vigor as to destroy them.

Since the beginning of the war 2,000 dailies, weeklies and magazines have passed out of existence in Germany. This is due to the high prices of paper and ink, and to the shortage of advertisements. Many others will now be forced to cease publication, as the German Paper Manufacturers' Trust, which controls the paper market, has resolved to increase the price of paper by forty per cent.

Are these your Symptoms?

PROSTRATION
LACK OF ENERGY
BRAIN FAG
PAINS IN THE BACK
STOMACH CATARRH
SLEEPLESSNESS
DEPRESSION
NERVE EXHAUSTION
FOOD-SICKNESS
LOSS OF FLESH
DEBILITY

Why You Should Use Dr. Cassell's Tablets.

1. Merit has won for Dr. Cassell's Tablets the largest sale of their class in the whole world. They are the most popular restorative medicine among all classes, the family remedy in homes unnumbered.
2. Dr. Cassell's Tablets are guaranteed absolutely pure in composition, they contain no drastic or dangerous drugs, the most delicate may take them with every confidence that benefit and nothing but benefit must follow.
3. Dr. Cassell's Tablets are equally suitable for old or young. From infancy to extreme age they are the great health builders.
4. The test of time and world-wide success has proved Dr. Cassell's Tablets to be the supreme remedy for all run-down conditions of nerve or body, the surest restorative for worn-out men and women.
5. Last of all Dr. Cassell's Tablets are a British remedy, made in Britain, by British Pharmacists, financed by British capital, and sold throughout the British Empire.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are Nutritive, Restorative, Alterative, and Anti-Spasmodic, and of great Therapeutic value in all derangements of the Nerve and Functional Systems in old or young. They are the recognised modern remedy for Nervous Breakdown, Nerve and Spinal Paralysis, Infantile Paralysis, Rickets, St. Vitus' Dance, Anæmia, Sleeplessness, Kidney Disease, Dyspepsia, Stomach Catarrh, Brain Fag, Headache, Palpitation, Wasting Diseases, Vital Exhaustion, Loss of Flesh, and Premature Decay. Specially valuable for Nursing Mothers and during the Critical Periods of Life.

Druggists and Dealers throughout Canada sell Dr. Cassell's Tablets. If not procurable in your city send to the sole agents, Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Ltd., 10, McCaul Street, Toronto; one tube 50 cents, six tubes for the price of five. War Tax Extra, 2 cents per tube.

Sole Proprietors:—Dr. Cassell's Co., Ltd., Manchester, Eng.

Dr. Cassell's Tablets

GET A FREE SAMPLE
Send your name with address and 5 cents for postage, etc., to Harold F. Ritchie & Co., Ltd., 10, McCaul Street, Toronto, and a generous sample will be mailed you free of charge.

Britain's Greatest Remedy

Lomond Farmer's HAIL

Now is the time to place Hail Insurance and get the benefit of the full term.

I represent the very strongest companies doing business in Canada. Both cash and note Premiums.

H. E. ELVES

Auctioneer— Real Estate, Loans and Insurance— Lomond

CALGARY

Industrial Exhibition

June 29 to July 5 1916

Generous Prizes in All Departments

$1300 offered for Bread. Separate class for white and brown bread, for residents outside of the city of Calgary.

23 Prizes in Each Class

Best Attraction Programme ever presented at a Calgary Exhibition, including Miss Stinson, the wonderful Girl Aviator

Send for Prize List to

R. L. Richardson,
Manager, Calgary, Alberta.

ANOTHER NEW PERFECTION FEATURE--THE LONG BLUE DRUMS

They insure the perfect combustion, the intense heat and clean flame which have made the New Perfection preferred by over 2,000,000 housewives in America.

The New Perfection means comfortable kitchens, less hard work and better cooking. 1, 2 3 and 4 burner sizes

2 Burner Stoves	10.00
3 Burner Stoves	13.50
2 Burner Cabinets	4.75
3 Burner Cabinets	5.75

Royalite Coal Oil gives best results.

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY Limited

BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES

J. WOLFE

JUNE AND JULY WEATHER FORECAST

Foster's Weather Report

As we see it this is one of the great Hail Storm years. We are expecting disastrous storms in July and very severe storms in June. These great storms are expected to include destructive hail storms, and farmers should insure against hail. These hail storms are close kin to tornadoes and thunderstorms.

Storms are 1,000 to 2,000 miles in diameter and our efforts are to locate their central parts. This storm will affect the whole continent and reach into the Mexican Gulf.

These hail storms are close kin to tornadoes and thunder storms.

A word to the wise: Be sure and insure in time.

The two best hail insurance companies in the business, **The British America** and **The Home Insurance Co.** are represented here by A. M. TRAIL.

Village of Vulcan

NOTICE

Take notice that all animals running at large in the village, with the exception of milch cows, will be impounded without further notice.

All dogs, not having licences for 1916 will be destroyed.

By order of council, A. J. Flood,
Secretary-Treasurer.

FOR SALE—A few 3 and 3 1-4 second hand wagons to exchange for heavy wagons, also 6 bundle racks, 8 x 14. Apply to E. M. Hollister.

FOR SALE—Household furniture for sale immediately. Stoves, chairs, beds, lounge, etc.
Mrs. P. W. L. Clark.

WANTED—A girl for general house work. Apply to Mrs. Arthur Mitchell.

For clean scalp and glossy healthy hair use Rexall "93" Shampoo Paste. 25c at all Rexall Drug Stores only—D. C. Jones druggist.

Before You Buy Your

Machinery

and TWINE

Call around and inspect our stock, "Foston" and "Winner" fanning mills and John Deere and Tudhope - Anderson

These bear Inspection

Vulcan Co-Operative Ltd.

VULCAN - ALBERTA

We are Shipping HOGS on Wednesday, June 28

Mortgage Sale of Farm Property.

Pursuant to the director of the Registrar and by virtue of the Powers of Sale provided by The Land Titles Act, under a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of the sale.

There will be offered for sale by public auction at the Post Office in the Village of Vulcan in the Province of Alberta, on Saturday, the 17th, day of June, 1916 at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, namely:

The North East Quarter of Section four (4) Township Eighteen (18), Range Twenty-five (25) West of the Fourth Meridian, containing by admeasurement One hundred and sixty (160) acres, more or less, as more particularly described in Certificate of Title L. K. 9.

Terms of sale to be fifteen per cent cash at time of the sale and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale or upon the application to the vendor's solicitors.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserve bid and free from all encumbrances, save: and except the exceptions and reservations contained in the original grant from the Crown or in the existing Certificate of Title, and any seed grain lien in favour of the Crown, and taxes for the current year.

The vendor is informed that the above property is situated about three miles from the Ensign Railway Station and three miles from school and Post Office, and that all of the said land is arable, and 154 acres have been under cultivation; and that the said lands are fenced, and there are the following buildings:—3 grain bins 16 x 16, granary 16 x 16 and shack 10 x 12.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Clarke, Carson, MacLeod & Co., Barristers, Canada Life Building, Calgary, Alberta.

Dated at Calgary in the Province of Alberta, this 9th day of May, A. D., 1916.

Clarke, Carson, MacLeod & Co.
Vendor's Solicitors.

Approved A. T. Kinnard, Deputy Registrar. 40-3t

MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 23rd June, 1916, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, twelve times per week each way, between Brant and Railway Station (C.P.R.) from the 1st October next.

Printed notices containing further information as to proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Brant and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

D. A. BRUCE,
Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office, Calgary
12th May 1916.

Vulcan Market Report

Spring Wheat, No. 1	.91
" No. 2	.88
" No. 3	.83
Rejected No. 1	.82
" No. 2	.79
" No. 3	.74
Oats, No. 2 C.W.	.32
" Extra No. 1 Feed	.29½
" No. 1 Feed	.28½
" No. 2 Feed	.27½
Barley, No. 3	.45
" No. 4	.38
Feed	.30
Flax No. 1, N. W	1.35
" No. 2 C. W	1.33
" No 3, C.W	1.14
Rye	.60
Eggs	23
Butter	.25
Cattle, live	
Cows	
Hogs	09
Dressed Hogs	.11

A FEW SPECIALS

This Week-End

Groceries

Plums, extra, 3 cans for	45c
Baking Soda, 3 lbs. for	25c
Olives, choicest Queen, 2 for	45c
Tea, Red Rose, reg. 50c, to clear	40c
Gold Soap special, 23 bars for	1.00
Silver polish, reg. 25c for	15c
Green peas, dry	
Canned Peas, special per case	2.50
Porridge Oats, Robin Hood tubes	20c
Jelly Powder, Pure Gold, asst. doz.	90c

Dry Goods

Men's Shirts, assorted patterns of very nice material, reversible collar, bought in a large quantity, special for our trade worth 1.35.

1.00

Men's work shirts, full line and all sizes, and specially priced under value from **15 to 25** per cent.

Sheeting, full width, extra heavy Quality, worth 45c per yd. Our price

35c

Table Damask, fully bleached and good width, real Irish manufacture, regular value 75c per yd., our price

60c

Table Damask, real Irish, extra quality and 72 inches wide, sold regularly for 1.15 to 1.25 per yd. Our price

90c

Toweling, several weaves, specially priced.

Pillow Slips, ready made, specially Priced.

Whitewear Special.— There still remains a small quantity of whitewear, slightly soiled, which we offer to clear at

1-2 Off

Fresh Meats. Highest Prices Paid for Farm Produce

Vulcan Trading Co. Ltd.

VULCAN :-: ALBERTA

Corsets!

Just arrived direct from the factory a large shipment of the celebrated D. & A. Corsets, sizes 20 to 30.

The Superbone Corsets, similar to the "Sprilla" for **3.50**

Front Laced Corsets **2.50**

Other styles at 1.00, 1.35, 1.75 and - - - 2.25

Brassiers at 65c, 75c, 90c, 1.35c Sizes 34 to 42. Prices subject to our Special Cash Discount

E. E. McINTOSH

"The Store of Good Service"

BANK OF HAMILTON

ESTABLISHED 1872

CHARACTER

Systematic saving is an index to character. The power to resist the temptation to spend is developed and strengthened by the possession of a Bank Account. Our Savings Department will help you.

Capital Authorized $5,000,000
Capital Paid-up - $3,000,000
Surplus - - - - $3,475,000

BANK OF HAMILTON
A. M. TRAIL, MANAGER